The Chicago Tribune.

VOLUME 25. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 3 1872.—SIX PAGES. NUMBER 232.

NEW YORK.

Death of Professor Morse Early Last Evening.

What Is Said of the Connecticut State Election.

Return of Woodard, the Indicted Tammanyite.

Daily Review of the Leading Markets.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

KILLING OF A DESPERADO.

NEW YORK, April 2.—A down-town desperado, named Jack Hallsey, died a death of violence about 8 o'clock this morning, in Larkin's bar-room, on William street. The deed was committed by the German bar-tender, a youth of only 16, who had long been the subject of abuse from the rowdy. This morning the latter pointed a revolver at the boy because he refused free liquor. The boy quickly snatched a revolver from under the counter and fired three shots, one ball passing through the rim of Hallsey's hat into his head, proving instantly fatal. The boy testified that his boss had instructed him to shoot Hallsey if he again threatened to injure his person, Hallsey having previously hit the boy with a pitcher. The deceased was a prize-fighter, but seldom worked. His aged Irish mother appeared shortly after the killing, and filled the room with lamentations. Though, but 25, Hallsey was a terror in the Fourth Ward, and a notorious repeater.

ANOTHER ABORTIONIST IN LIMBO.

Another fashionable abortionist was taken into custody this afternoon. Her name is Mrs. Julia Grindle, residing in gorgeous style at West Thirtieth street. The police Sergeant succeeded in apprehending her by pretending to be a letter-carrier. Mrs. Grindle is a fine-looking woman of 28, and drove to the Tombs brilliantly attired and in a handsome carriage. The charge is producing miscarriage on a young German girl named Maria Olsen, who has been too intimate with a cigar manufacturer. The girl is now sick at Castle Garden, and confided her story to a respectable physician. She avers she paid Mrs. Grindle $20 for a bottle of abortion medicine, promising to pay $20 more. Both Mrs. Grindle and husband were locked up for examination.

REV. DR. THOMAS C. UPHAM

died this morning at the house of his brother, in this city. Dr. Upham has been rapidly failing in strength all winter, and was suddenly struck by paralysis a few days ago. Since that time he has been entirely speechless save at one time he remarked in a distinct voice, "My soul is with God." His works on intellectual philosophy and practical religion are well known for many years. He was a member of the faculty of Bowdoin College, and will be buried at Brunswick, Maine.

EXCITING MEETING OF TAMMANY.

An exciting meeting of the Tammany Society took place last night, at which silk-stockings and brogan-wearers had quite a spat about the election of new officers for the Tammany Society.

MAYOR HALL.

No action has been taken toward a removal of Mayor Hall's trial, on account of the pressure of other criminal business.

SENATOR O'BRIEN

announces his intended resignation from the State Senate to seek a more remunerative field. He denies being a candidate for Mayor.

DISGUSTED.

The Committee of Seventy are so much disgusted with their charter, as amended by the Senate, that they publish a protest to day begging the Assembly to defeat it.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION

excites scarcely any public attention, and but little pointed comment in the press. The result is about what was anticipated, though the Republicans are somewhat concerned to find the majority so small, considering their unusual exertions during the canvass and the general belief that the majority would be larger. The alarm is heightened when they examine the large falling off in Grant's majority four years ago, since when the colored voters have come in. New Haven alone has over 500 colored voters. Thirty-seven hundred majority in a total poll of 90,000 is not a Grant triumph. It is a victory that hangs by a single thread, and the Liberal Republicans and Liberal Democrats may conceive that their attitude has not been weakened by the re-election of a popular Governor by a few votes majority. On the contrary, the feeling is that the Cincinnati Convention can really win over the handful of votes necessary to reverse the result in New Hampshire and Connecticut.

SUIT TO RECOVER.

The party of wealthy New Yorkers who proposed to build a magnificent crystal palace here, and, after offering prizes for plans, gave up the project, have been sued for $10,000 by two Philadelphia architects—Schultz and Snoen—who have completed elaborate plans in all the glory of water colors.

RAILWAY AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

Speculation was active and buoyant this afternoon. Notwithstanding the money stringency there was a general advance in prices, C. C. & I. C. rising from 37½ to 38¼, Boston, Hartford & Erie from 8¼ to 9¾, Reading from 110¾ to 111¾, Northwest common from 84¼ to 85¾, and Western Union from 73½ to 73¾. In regard to Western Union, it is stated that the Vanderbilt people are selling it by, and a new pool has been formed, the capital of which consists largely of "puts." The manager of this pool is said to be a former prominent operator in Pacific Mail. During the last hour, the market was precipitated into a semi-panic, and there was a sharp decline. Erie fell to 61¾, Union Pacific to 38¾, New York Central to 99¾, Reading to 110¾, Lake Shore to 96¼, Ohio to 50¾, Western Union to 73¾, Pacific Mail to 54¼, N. W. common to 83¾, Rock Island to 117, St. Paul common to 83¾, Wabash to 76¾, Boston, Hartford & Erie to 9, and C., C. & I. C. to 38¾.

Finally there was a little recovery, but at the close many stocks were down to the lowest figures of the day. In regard to the Presidential nation of General Dix is denied, and it is stated that the only change is the resignation of Mr. Archer and the appointment of General Dix in his place.

The result of the Panama Railroad election yesterday is that the railroad and Pacific Mail steamers will hereafter be managed as one line, in opposition to the Union Pacific.

MONEY.

The monetary situation to-day was exceedingly uncomfortable for borrowers on call, and, at intervals money was positively scarce at high rates of interest. Current Government bond dealers were supplied generally at 7 per cent currency to 7 per cent gold. Stock brokers had to pay 1-16 to 1 per cent per diem throughout the entire day, and up to the close of bank hours, within a few weeks the advance in Erie alone represents the enormous amount of $23,000,000, and the advance in the entire share list for the 30 days past represents increased values of from $75,000,000 to $100,000,000. The stringency, therefore, seems due to natural causes.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Market dull at 109½ to 109¾ for bankers' 60 days' sterling.

GOLD.

The gold market closed dull at 109¾@110.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

The market closed up strong, with some improvement on morning prices.

PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS.

Central Pacific bonds closed at 101½@101¾; Union firsts at 91@92; land grants at 81@83; incomes at 86@87.

BREADSTUFFS.

Flour and wheat quiet and unchanged. Pork steady.

(To the Associated Press.)

PROFESSOR MORSE.

NEW YORK, April 2.—At 9 o'clock this morning, Professor Morse was sleeping. His condition was but little changed.

LATER—At 9 o'clock this morning, the condition of Professor Morse was said to be hopeless.

NEW YORK, April 3—8 p. m.—Professor Morse died at 17 minutes before 8 this evening.

ARCHER RESIGNS.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Erie Railway Company, to-day, O. H. P. Archer resigned the offices of Vice President and Director. The Board passed a resolution thanking Mr. Archer for his assistance in effecting the recent changes in the Company. The reason for Mr. Archer's resignation is that his business requires his undivided attention.

DENIAL.

The reported resignation of Dix and Stebbins is without foundation.

ASSOCIATED PRESS PROTEST.

At a meeting of the New York Associated Press to-day, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the New York Associated Press respectfully remonstrate and protest against the renewing of the so-called Mellier patent, for the manufacture of white straw paper, said patent having been originally of doubtful legality, and its term having long since expired.

THE INDICTED TAMMANYITES.

The *Tribune* to-morrow will have the following: "There seems to be no doubt that Elbert A. Woodard has come back, and is now either in New York or within easy call of his friends here. His return has excited less public comment than the reappearance of Cooke, but among the politicians of the ring school it is regarded as very ominous and, portending evil for those against whom, with Cooke, he is to be used. It was generally thought that Cooke's return was brought about by the Ring, and that Woodward would be compelled to act in the same interest in self-protection. The friends of Tweed and Connolly, however, think otherwise. One of the ex Comptroller's intimate associates says that both Woodward and Cooke have returned here at Tweed's bidding, and that as Tweed at first intended he intends now to make the ex-Comptroller the scapegoat for Tammany offences. It is claimed that Cooke and Woodward are going through a course of instruction prior to the trial of Connolly, and that between them they can convict him and clear the Chief. Tweed should it be proved to Connolly that the testimony of Cooke, Woodward, and Garvey is to be used against him, he will undoubtedly remain abroad, and none of the friends admit that there is a doubt of his returning under any circumstances.

HALL'S CASE.

No steps have been taken toward the resumption of the trial of Mayor Hall, but, as far as known, there is no intention of abandoning the prosecution.

THE ELECTIONS.

Additional Returns from Connecticut.

HARTFORD, April 3—If the towns unheard from go the same as last year the result will not be changed. Jewell's plurality is 2,074, and his majority over all 289. The Senate will probably stand 14 Republicans to 7 Democrats, and the House about the same as last year, when the Republican majority was 21.

NEW YORK, April 2.—Special despatches mention a report that it is probable that Jewell's majority over both his opponents will be 300 or 400, and 2,000 over Hubbard. The vote is 5,000 less than last year. The "Labor Reformers" polled about 1,000 straws. The Republicans say, but the "Temperance" ticket ran well. The *World* says that "Liberal Republicans did not give Jewell support to the Democracy," and that "they seemed unwilling to break with the friends of General Grant until after the Cincinnati Convention."

COMPARATIVE FIGURES.

	1871.		1872.	
Hartford City	261	Dem.	60	Rep.
New Haven City	1,447	Dem.	531	Dem.
New London County	508	Rep.	780	Rep.
Windham County	1,406	Rep.	1,291	Rep.
	13	Rep.	13	Rep.
Senate	8	Dem.	8	Dem.
	190	Rep.	134	Rep.
House	109	Dem.	146	Dem.

NEW HAVEN, April 2.—Scott (Republican) is elected Sheriff, of New Haven County. Harrison (Republican) is elected one of the Representatives from this city. Jewell is elected Governor by about 250 majority.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 2.—The official returns of scattering towns will reduce Jewell's majority over all, but he is probably elected by the people. There are five towns to hear from. The *Times* figures Jewell at 232 over all, and the *Post* at about 100.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 2.—The latest revised tables at the *Courant* office, with returns from every town, give:

Counties.	*Jewell.*	*Hubbard.*	*Gillette.*	*Harrison.*
Hartford	9,999	9,694	357	305
New Haven	10,599	10,299	329	145
New London	4,743	4,618	125	9
Fairfield	7,591	7,715	172	6
Litchfield	4,296	4,741	121	16
Windham	3,965	2,668	91	
Middlesex	3,078	2,857	143	15
Tolland	1,907	1,906	81	
Totals	46,336	44,448	1,539	594

Jewell's plurality is 1,949; majority over all, 355.

The Senate stands 15 Republicans, 6 Democrats; the House stands 141 Republicans, 109 Democrats. Republican majority on joint ballot, 90. Last year it was 24.

The Republicans elect Sheriffs in six counties, and the Democrats in two,—Fairfield and Litchfield.

Charter Elections.

OHIO.

CINCINNATI, April 3.—The whole Democratic ticket was elected in this city yesterday by an average majority of 1,000. The Council will stand 26 Democrats to 22 Republicans; the Board of Aldermen, 18 Republicans and 9 Democrats. The Board of Control is entirely Democratic by a large majority.

The following is the result of the election in some of the principal points in Ohio, as far as heard from: Dayton, Republican Mayor elected. The Council will stand 15 Republicans to 7 Democrats. Springfield the Democrats have a majority in the City Council, for the first time in many years. Urbana has a Republican Mayor elected by a small majority. Chillicothe—All the Councilmen elected are Republican. The township will probably go Republican by [illegible]. Hamilton—Democratic Mayor and [illegible] elected. Middletown—The Democrats elected the Mayor by [illegible]. Zanesville—The first Republican Mayor in seventeen years. Tippecanoe—The Democrats elected the Mayor. The Democrats have a majority in the Council. Ripley is Democratic by a large majority. Lexington—The Democrats elected their whole township ticket. Portsmouth—Almost the entire Republican ticket is elected. Youngtown—Republican Mayor elected by a small majority. Lima—Republicans elect their entire township ticket, except Assessor and Constable. Marion—The entire Democratic township ticket is elected. Wooster and Canton are equally divided—part of both tickets being elected. Xenia—The Republicans elected their entire ticket. Bucyrus—The Democrats elected their whole ticket, with the exception of Marshal. Cadiz and Alliance—The Republican tickets were elected. Coshocton—The Democrats elected all but the Mayor and one Councilman. Middletown—The Republican ticket is elected, except the Treasurer. At many places municipal issues were before the people, and politics had very little to do with the result.

TOLEDO, O., April 1.—The Republicans carry the city by the largest majority. There is a large majority in favor of the water works.

TOLEDO, O., April 2.—At Napoleon, O., yesterday, the Republicans elected their municipal ticket, except the Mayor, by an average majority of 58. The event of the day was the casting of a vote by Mrs. Dr. Bair, pronouncing the first instance of a woman voting in Ohio. Considerable excitement was created, and other women attempted to vote, but were refused.

COLUMBUS, April 2.—The election here yesterday was quietly conducted. The Republicans and Independents made a sweep of all the offices, except a few Councilmen. It is said that Oberly (Independent) was elected Trustee of the Water Works, by a small majority; Graham (Independent) was elected City Civil Engineer, by a large majority.

CLEVELAND, O., April 2.—The municipal election in this city, yesterday, passed off quietly. The Republicans elected their ticket by an average majority of about 2,000. The Council remains the same as last year—18 to 12.

ILLINOIS.

LASALLE, Ill., April 2.—A warmly-contested election of School Director was held in this city, yesterday, resulting in the re-election of the old incumbent, Nicholas Duncan against William T. Mason, by 151 majority. Five hundred and sixty-five votes were cast.

The municipal election held in Peru, yesterday, resulted in the choice of H. M. Gallagher, member of the Assembly, for Mayor, against James Henry McCormick, the present incumbent, by a majority of 58.

MOLINE, Ill., April 2.—The election for corporation officers of Moline on Monday, April 1, resulted in the election of Messrs Kester, Homsen, Klohn, of the regular Republican ticket, and Messrs. George W. Vinton and D. Woodcock, Independent Republicans.

PRINCETON, Ill., April 2.—There was a large vote polled here to-day, considering the fact that the contest was purely local in its character. The total vote polled was 507, and the Republican majority 163.

WISCONSIN.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MADISON, Wis., April 2.—Republicans are rejoicing over the triumph, unlooked for till within a few days, having carried every ward in this Democratic city, electing J. L. Hill, of the Bank of Madison, Mayor, by 214 votes over A. S. Sanborn, and Major A. G. Mayers Treasurer, by 295 over Asaph Hosford. Also electing five Aldermen to three Democrats, making the Council a tie. A. B. Braley, Democrat, was elected Police Justice without opposition. The result is largely due to the Irish votes driven from the Democratic ticket by the claims of the Germans to what was regarded more than their share, and dissatisfaction of substantial Democrats with their nominations. There is no general election in this State. Judge Alva Stewart was re-elected County Judge of this County without opposition.

PORTAGE, Wis., April 2.—Foster, Republican, was elected Mayor over General Bragg, Democrat, by 84 majority. The Democrats put up their strongest man and made a desperate fight. There is great rejoicing among the Republicans over the victory.

INDIANA.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 1.—At the charter election in this city the Republican ticket was successful over the "Liberal Reform" ticket by an average majority of over 1,600, with six out of eleven Councilmen.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, April 2.—Charter elections were held to-day in nearly every city in the State, excepting Detroit, and passed off quietly. The Democrats have made gains in several places, but it is impossible to give any figures to-night. The Democrats have elected a Mayor in Grand Rapids, Bay City, Cold Water, and Port Huron, and the Republicans in East Saginaw, Lansing, Adrian, Muskegon, Flint, and Kalamazoo.

IOWA.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, April 2.—The charter election held in this city on Monday was close and exciting. The result was not announced until this morning, when it was found that the entire Democratic ticket was elected; also four out of five Aldermen. A strong railroad influence was brought to bear against Solomon Tarok, for Mayor, but was unsuccessful.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, April 3—In the election to-day for twelve Aldermen and eight School Directors the Democrats made a pretty clean sweep, electing nine Aldermen, the Republicans one, and two Independents. Of the School Directors, there are probably six Democrats, in the Eighth Ward, W. P. Brooks, colored, received 297 votes. The Council will stand seventeen Democrats, four Republicans, and three Independents.

Society of the Army of the Potomac.

CLEVELAND, April 2.—The following gentlemen have been appointed by Major General Hooker, Chairman of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, as an Executive committee to make arrangements for the reunion of the Society, to be held in this city, May 31: Colonel William H. Howard, Captain A. W. Fenton, Colonel George L. Childs, Lieutenant W. E. Bates, Captain W. H. H. Peck, General Russell Hastings, Captain J. E. Bothwell, Captain E. H. Rohm, all of Cleveland; Captain F. F. Young, Painesville, O.; General A. C. York, Akron; General Franklin Sawyer, Norwalk. A meeting of ex-soldiers and citizens was held this evening to effect arrangements for the entertainment of the Society. A grand good time is anticipated.

FOREIGN.

Another Revolution Imminent in Spain.

English Volunteers Rehearse the Battle of Dorking at Brighton.

The Governor General of Canada to be Recalled.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, April 2.—A grand military review took place at Brighton yesterday in accordance with a programme previously announced. Immense crowds witnessed the manœuvres, which were conducted on a large scale, and were rendered more than usually interesting by the rehearsing of the Battle of Dorking. The troops in the field, including some 20,000 volunteers, were divided into two armies, one of invasion, the other of defence. The enemy was supposed to have effected a landing in Shoreham Harbor. The movement commenced with an attack on the village, and its capture. After obstinate resistance, the invaders then advanced on Brighton, and after repulsing a body of troops, took up a defensive position. The army of defence being largely reinforced, took the offensive, under General Horsford, and attacked the invaders with success, although the latter broke through Horsford's right centre, and created great confusion for a while. The firing ceased at 1 o'clock, both sides having been impartially beaten.

The mock fight was succeeded by a march, which was not satisfactory. The review on the whole is considered a failure. The weather was fine, although there were occasional showers, and the air was fresh and bracing. Trains took down large numbers of spectators from London.

It is announced that Lord Lisgar, the Governor General of Canada, will shortly be called home, and will be succeeded by the Earl of Dufferin, now Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. The steamship Halesia has arrived out.

Bradlaugh, in a lecture in Glasgow, last night, stated that he was in favor of a republican form of Government for Great Britain. Parliament, he said, bestowed the crown upon William and Mary. What it had a right to give it certainly had a right to withhold. These utterances give rise to considerable discord, and an attack was made on the lecturer from a number of windows, and street lamps were broken. Several policemen were stoned by the rioters, but no one was seriously injured.

Expressions of the American press in regard to Admiral Inglefield's movements in the United States have created a sensation here, and are variously commented on.

While the races at Largan, Ireland, were in progress, a stand crowded with spectators gave way, and over 200 persons were precipitated to the ground amid a confused mass of broken timber. Thirty were injured, some of whom cannot recover.

MANCHESTER, April 2.—A large deputation of conservatives marched in procession to-day to Free's Garden, where they presented addresses to Disraeli expressing the hope that he would soon come into power again. In spite of a heavy snow and rain storm, the attendance at the presentation was immense, and Disraeli was repeatedly cheered. Many houses in the vicinity were decorated with flags.

FRANCE.

NEW YORK, April 2.—A Paris despatch says that at the trial of the publishers of the *Figaro* newspaper, yesterday, Marshal MacMahon stated that after the severing of communications between the two wings of the Grand Army, the march to Sedan was directly against his wishes, and that it was his desire to return to Paris. This testimony of Marshal MacMahon causes great excitement.

The tri centennial anniversary of the independence of Holland was celebrated at the Hague and elsewhere with great festivity.

At Manchester, Disraeli received an ovation was given to Disraeli, by the working classes, on his arrival.

Professor John F. D. Maunoe, leader of the Broad Church party, died in London yesterday.

PARIS, April 2.—The Assembly, before adjourning, appointed a Committee to report during the recess. Thiers, addressing the Committee to-day, confirmed the report that official notice had been given to Bismarck of the Armistice, within the stipulated time, of the Treaty of Commerce. He had explained to Belgium that this action was necessary, as France required full liberty to remodel her commercial system in accordance with her altered circumstances. The new tariffs, he said, would be terminable every six months. Referring to foreign affairs, he stated that questions had arisen between Algeria and the neighboring province of Tunis, and although he was aware that the Porte claimed the suzerainty of Tunis, he had considered it expedient to treat with the local Government with regard to Algeria, and should continue to do so. He alluded to the restoration by Russia of her fortifications in the Black Sea, and said England was responsible for this infraction of the Treaty of Paris.

SPAIN.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, April 2.—The freshest letters and papers from Spain indicate a feeling that the country is on the verge of another revolution. Amadeus finds that he has been spending more than his income in retaining palaces, etc., and it is said would abdicate if convinced that the majority of the Spaniards desire it. The navarbs and greedy ambition of the leading Carlist pretenders are very distasteful to him. Among the variety of parties none is sincerely attached to his throne. The Carlists want the Duke of Madrid on the throne. The Moderates plot to restore the Bourbons. The Republicans desire monarchy abolished, and the Conservatives are partisans of Montpensier. The Radicals sustained Amadeus until then. The new Spanish civil war is declared by all sources to be imminent.

GERMANY.

STUTTGART, April 2—Herr Von Schemmln, Minister of the Interior, is dead.

ILLINOIS.

Candidate for Lieutenant-Governor—Judicial Dinner—Articles of Incorporation.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, April 2.—Hon. Geo. E. Waite, of Genesco, Henry County, a member of the Republican State Central Committee, and who was a prominent member of the late Constitutional Convention, is a candidate for the nomination for Lieutenant Governor, on the Republican ticket. I am authorized to say that Hon. Andrew Crawford, of the Senate, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the office, is not a candidate for this, or any position on the State ticket.

The Governor gave a judicial dinner this evening, in which all of the Supreme Judges and the members of the Judiciary Committees of both Houses were active participants. The affair was a decided success in every respect.

Articles of incorporation of the St. Louis, Jerseyville & Springfield Railroad Company, organized under the late Railroad law, were recorded in the office of the Secretary of State to-day. The capital stock is $1,500,000.

UTAH.

Mining Matters—The Movement Against the Admission of the State.

SALT LAKE, April 2.—Wells, Fargo & Co., of this city, last month forwarded East silver from the Raymond & Ely and Meadow Valley mines $68,000 in bullion, and from other sources over $200,000.

There is much talk in regard to the extraordinary developments in the Emma mine, at Little Cottonwood. At a depth of 400 feet a body of ore has been struck averaging $1,900 per ton.

At a private conference of the principal merchants, mine owners, and business men to-day it was determined to send immediately a delegation to Washington to represent their interest, and to oppose admission as being at present fatal to the best interests of the Territory, and to urge the passage of Voorhees' bill in Congress for the enforcement of the laws of the United States in Utah. Among the delegates are J. Robinson Walker, of the wealthy mercantile house of Walker Brothers; Henry Lawrence, of Kimball & Lawrence, one of the most influential apostate Mormons; Hon. Robert N. Baskin, a lawyer, and John Chislett, of Cunningham & Co. The memorial to Congress against admission is swelling its names with great rapidity throughout the Territory. The mining sections are almost solid against a Mormon State. Two thousand persons have already signed the memorial.

The Pennsylvania Mine Disaster.

SCRANTON, Pa., April 2.—The casualty at the Lackawanna breaker, Carbondale, yesterday, by the breaking of the plane, has resulted in the death of three persons. The boy, John Palmer, was removed from the debris literally burned to a crisp in many parts of his body, and lived only about an hour. Dwight Morse, wagonmaster, had one leg broken and was burned so terribly that he died in about three hours after being rescued. John Clark had both legs broken and his head crushed. He died this afternoon. Lawrence Smith was severely injured, but will recover. John McLaughlin, when he fell, the structure giving way, jumped over the side, and landed over a hundred feet distant in a pile of coal dirt, but without receiving any injury. The ruins were set on fire by a stove which fell with the structure from the weigh office at the head of the plane.

Telegraphic Brevities.

Over 1,000,000 bushels of coal have been shipped South, during the present rise in the Allegheny River.

—A steamer left New York for Albany last evening, expecting to shoot no serious obstruction from ice.

—A New York despatch says that Miss Kellogg sails on the 13th for London, to fulfil an operatic engagement with Mapleson.

—Mrs. Jacks, wife of Joseph Jacks, a criminal lawyer of St Louis, committed suicide yesterday. Cause unknown.

—Governor Geary, of Pa., yesterday signed the bill consolidating the South Side borough with the City of Pittsburgh, adding 30,000 to the population.

—Joseph Whittle was badly torn by lions at Frankford, Pa., yesterday, while performing at O'Brien's circus. He is not expected to recover.

—A Meadville, Pa., despatch says the report that Judge Pettis is connected with the Cincinnati Convention is not true. Mr. Pettis is for the nominee of the Philadelphia Convention.

—Rufus M. Amber, charged with the murder of Enos Johnson, in 1870, in Lake township, Berrien County, has been found guilty of murder in the second degree and sentenced to State Prison for ten years.

—Judge Thornton, of the Supreme Court of Illinois, has granted an injunction against the issuing of bonds by Douglas County to the Indiana & Illinois Central Railroad.

—At the annual festival of the colored people at Graff Hall, in Frederick, Md., on Monday, the floor gave way, and the wall caved in, by which two persons were killed and twelve seriously wounded.

—The nominating election in Henry County, Fort Wayne District, resulted in favor of Shanks, for Congress, by three to one as against his opponents. It is generally conceded that General Shanks will be nominated by the Republicans at their Convention in June.

—George Hoffman, a brewer at Foss & Bremer's brewery, in Cincinnati, yesterday afternoon, was killed in a singular manner. He was near a huge beer cask, which rose, for some reason, forcing air into, when it burst, and one of the staves struck and killed him.

—The trial in Paris of what libel case of General Trochu against the *Figaro* has ended. M. Villemessant and Vitor, the editors, were acquitted of the principal charge of libel, but found guilty of insulting a functionary of the Government, for which they are sentenced to one month's imprisonment and a fine of 3,000 francs.

—The United States Senate, to-day, in Executive session, confirmed the following nominations: Ambrose Campbell, Register of the Land Office at Marquette, Mich.; John S. Mayhugh, Register of the Land Office at Elko, Nevada; M. P. Freeman, Receiver of Public Moneys, Elko, Nevada; and the following Postmasters: H. S. Evans, Tuscola, Ill.; John Sharp, Oregon, Ill.; A. T. Streator, Calumet, Mich.

—In the course of his address yesterday, before the Committee of the French Assembly, Thiers defined the attitude of France toward the Spanish Crown. His object was to show that the interest of France to keep Amadeus on the throne, because his overthrow would lead to a revival of the candidature of Montpensier or Henry Bonaparte. The time was near when the inhabitants of Mullhouse, in Alsace, must choose a French or German nationality. It is said that nearly all are determined to adhere to the French nationality.

RECENT INQUESTS.

Died of Injuries Received by the Explosion of an Oil Lamp—Painful Death of a Prisoner—Station Keeper Censured.

The Coroner held an inquest last evening at the County Hospital on the body of Mrs. Julia Start, who died at that institution from the effects of injuries received at No. 887½ State street about a month ago. It will be remembered that deceased and a woman named Taylor got into a quarrel relative to some trivial matter, when the latter named female threw a lighted lamp at her antagonist, causing a fire which fatally resulted in the almost instant death of Anna Stark, aged 8 years, and in the fatal burning of the woman upon whom the lamp was held that night. As in the case of the little girl, the jury recommended that Mrs. Taylor be locked up in the County Jail to await action by a Grand Jury.

At the Webster Avenue Police Station last evening Coroner Stephens held an inquest on the body of Charles Derchied, aged 52 years, who died from the effects of rupture. The truss which sustained the parts having been broken while deceased was being conveyed to the station, under arrest for alleged intoxication. During the night he became ill and was, at his own request, removed to his home, No. 856 North Halsted street, where he received medical aid, but too late to save his life. The jury censured the station keeper, or officer in charge of Wabash Avenue Police Station during the night of March 30, for neglecting to summon a doctor when the unfortunate prisoner's condition appeared to be so critical. Prompt surgical aid might have saved the man to his family and friends.

SHAKING SHERMAN.

The Deputy Superintendent of Police Promoted to a Clerkship.

Mysterious are the theories of Talcott, and impenetrable are the ideas of Rehm. The troubles of a Deputy Superintendent of Chicago Police are manifold, more so than the cares of King Amadeus of Spain. Hear ye! At 8 o'clock this morning, by order of Superintendent Kennedy, instructed by the Board of Police, Deputy Superintendent Wells Sherman will report for clerical duty in the Police Headquarters. He is to be vice John Palmer, who is to be vice Dr. Ward, Secretary of the Board, who is invalided for the present. The brass and bins of the second in command of the Chicago police force must yield to the modest duster and pen of the whilom deputed clerk, who will take due note of all rascals who have ever visited Chicago, or who may have a chance to visit it. He must be versed in books, by double and single entry; he must answer questions, be quick in writing, and vastly accurate in figures. He must combine all the qualities of all the Professors of Bryant & Stratton's Business College, and he must be gifted with a patience nearly up to the extraordinary tranquility of his veteran predecessor. Thus endeth the relief of the Deputy Superintendent, to the office of much apparent dignity, and much undoubted uncertainty.

MARRIED

GREY—ROSLEY—In Harrisburg, Pa., March 9, by Rev. W. A. Yeoh, Frank M. Grey, of Washington, D. C., to Miss Hattie E. Rosley, of Chicago.

DIED

BEARD—At Jefferson, April 2, 1872, Elbridge R. Beard, aged 56 years.

Funeral notice in Congregational Church Thursday morning, April 4, at 10½ o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

☞ Rock Island papers please copy.

BIRKELAND—April 2, in town of Lake View, corner of Graceland Place and Broadway Road, Ella M., eldest daughter of Jacob S. and Sinai G. Birkeland, aged 17 years, 6 months and 4 days.

EATON—In this city, April 2, of Bright's disease, Catharina Elizabeth Rauch, wife of Chas. Eaton.

Funeral from 289 Rucker-st., at 12 m., April 4. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

WENGELL—In this city, on the evening of April 2, 1872, Benjamin Wendell, son of Charles Wendell, aged 5 years and 4 months.

Funeral will take place from his residence 636 Wabash-av., on Thursday at 9 o'clock a. m.

REAL ESTATE.

MAPLEWOOD

Lots for sale at Maplewood, adjoining the old city limits, only four miles from Court House; easy of access by steam cars. Commutation fare, 6 cents. Artesian well on the property, flowing 250 gallons per minute of pure water. Trees have been set out over the entire property. Sidewalks have also been laid. Purchasers can [illegible] to lots avoid city taxes, while at the same time the property is rapidly enhancing in value by the city improvements which will soon reach this property. Lots [illegible] sale on easy payments. No cash payments required. Parties wishing to see the improvements [illegible] WING & PARLIN, 65 East Madison-st., corner State, Room No 4.

FOR SALE,

Or lease on long time, very desirable residence property, fronting on "Madison av. Park," at Kenwood, accessible by Illinois Central Railroad and horse cars. Schools and churches in immediate vicinity. If the house on hand do not suit, will build to meet the requirements of parties on liberal time and terms.

J. H. DUNHAM, 10 State st.

INSURANCE.

Washington Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK.

The undersigned, Receiver of said Company, has this day declared a Second Dividend of ten per cent, payable on demand.

Claimants will please call on JAMES R. MILLER, Notary Public, 472 Wabash-av., and sign and acknowledge receipt, and remit for collection.

GEO. C. SATTERLEE, Receiver.

New York, April 2, 1872.

MERCHANTS',

ALBANY CITY.

ADJUSTED CLAIMS in above Companies purchased.

F. M. BRUCE,

72 West Randolph-st.

TEUTONIA,

OF CLEVELAND.

We have recently made a full examination of the affairs of this company, and will give policy-holders reliable information.

SHUFELDT & BILL,

Attorneys, 23 West Madison-st.

Albany City, of New York; State, Firemen's, Merchants', and Garden City,

OF CHICAGO, policies bought at highest cash price. Money loaned on policies in all insolvent companies.

H. S. DIETRICH,

46 West Madison-st., up stairs.

TO LEASE.

For five years, 124x70 feet, west front, on Wabash-av., adjoining Brand's Art Gallery; a splendid location for a Saloon.

WARREN, KERNEY & CO.,

241 Wabash-av.

Dock to Lease

ON SOUTH BRANCH, at Polk-st. bridge, with other lots running back to railroad, suitable for any large business. Apply to C. H. & C. C. WALKER, rear of old Chamber of Commerce.

A. J. NUTTING,

THE NEW YORK

C. O. D.

FINE CLOTHIER,

NOS. 320 & 322 STATE-ST.,

Opposite Congress-st.

422 BROADWAY, New York.

320 & 322 STATE-ST., Chicago.

10 STATE-ST., Rochester, N. Y.

42 & 44 SIXTH-ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CLOTHING.

FINEST

AND

MOST STYLISH

CLOTHING

FOR

Men, Youth, Boys,

AND

CHILDREN,

Ever offered in the City of Chicago.

320 & 322

STATE-ST.,

Opposite Congress-st.

TABLE SAUCE.

FOR FAMILY USE.

THE HALFORD

(LEICESTERSHIRE)

TABLE SAUCE.

THE BEST

Sauce and Relish

Made in any part of the World, for Family Use.

Pints, - - 50 cts.

1-2 Pints, - - 30 cts.

For Sale by all Grocers.

WINES.

Notwithstanding the advance in Europe, we continue to sell

CHAMPAGNE WINES

At the following LOW PRICES:

	Currency.
Heidsieck & Co. Sillery	$19.50
Giesler & Co. Sillery	19.50
De Mi. Burcenay & Co. Carte Blanche	20.00
Kinsella Vineyard Verzenay	20.50
G. H. Mumm & Co. Dry Verzenay	20.73
Heidsieck & Co. Dry	21.00
Krez & Co.	22.00
Delmonico	23.00
L. Roederer Dry Sillery	23.00
Heidsieck & Co. Monopole	23.50
Veuv & Chandon Grand Vin Imperial	24.00
L. Roederer Imperial	25.00
L. Roederer Carte Blanche	26.00
Urbana Wine Co. Imperial	14.00
Urbana Wine Co. Dry	15.00
Pleasant Valley Paris Exposition	14.00
Pleasant Valley Carte Blanche	12.00
Pleasant Valley Extra Western	11.00
Werk's Golden Eagle	16.50

AT OUR STORES,

Indiana-av. and Twenty-second-st., and 191 West Madison-st.

STANTON & CO.

UPHOLSTERY.

JOHN V. FARWELL & CO.

HAVE OPENED THEIR

Upholstery Department.

THE FINEST STOCK OF

Curtains, Cornices,

LAMBREQUINS,

PIER GLASSES AND SHADES,

EVER EXHIBITED IN CHICAGO.

Also, a fine assortment of MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, MARSEILLES QUILTS, SHEETS, PILLOW SLIPS, BLANKETS, &c.

Cor. Monroe and Franklin-sts.

FOR SALE.

OFFICE DESKS

Closing Out at Cost.

132 West Lake-st., in rear.

FOR SALE.

56 Tons Hard Coal Screenings.

RENO & LITTLE,

208 Kingsbury-st

HEMP, FLAX AND COTTON

TWINE,

At Culver, Page, Hoyne & Co.'s,

17, 19 and 18 North Desplaines-st., and 141 Wabash-av.

WANTED.

STABLE WANTED

With room for ten or twelve horses and five wagons. Location on the West Side, between Kinzie and Van Buren-sts., east of Centre-st. Apply to A. B., care Carrier No. 3.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To Land-Owners.

The DERROM PORTABLE BUILDINGS are just the thing for the present emergency. Houses may be erected by the 1st of May, ready for renting purposes. The investment will pay 25 per cent. Material can be supplied into both the Collegiate Department and Grammar School for the dismissed pupils by the 15th inst. The DERROM PORTABLE BUILDINGS. Catalogues can be obtained at the Northwestern National Bank.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

BUILDING WOOD WORK,

Of all descriptions; Frames, Cornice, Mouldings, Doors and Sash, Brackets, Turned Work, and Packing Boxes, at the lowest prices.

DAVID GOODWILLIE,

Corner of Kingsbury and Ohio-sts.

TO RENT.

Store to Rent.

A fine 50-foot Brick Store on Jackson-st., 2-story and basement. Apply to

WM. S. JOHNSTON,

N. E. cor. Clark and Washington-sts.

TO RENT

For a term of years, the front store in the West Division, 76x115, northwest corner Halsted and Harrison-sts., a desirable business-site. Is the finest location in the West Division for a large Clothing House. Apply to

J. M. KERLOR,

263 Halsted-st., corner Harrison.

To Rent,

For a term of years, the five-story and basement brick store on the north-east corner of Wabash-av. and Randolph-st. Will be completed about the middle of May.

WASHINGTON.

The Senate Tax and Tariff Bill Tabled by a Large Majority in the House.

Passage in the House of Important Bills from the Public Lands Committee.

A Specific Duty on Books Agreed Upon by the Ways and Means Committee.

Granville's Last Note Read and Considered in Cabinet Meeting.

The Document Confined to an Argument Against Indirect Damages.

Mr. Hulburd's Resignation at the Disposal of the President.

Testimony Taken by the Navy Department Investigating Committee.

Special Despatch to The Chicago Tribune.

STANDS BY ITS PREROGATIVE.

WASHINGTON, April 2.—By the surprising vote of 156 to 9, the House to-day sustained the position assumed by the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means as to the constitutional privilege of the House to exclusively originate revenue bills, and as to the disposition suggested in the resolution offered by him, that the Senate Tariff bill be laid on the table. Of the various speeches made to-day, but one attempted to defend the action of the Senate in bringing in a general Tariff bill as an amendment to the Revenue bill passed for a special purpose. This was Representative Ritchie, of Maryland, who thought that the utmost latitude should be given to the Senate in its exercise of legislative powers, as there only were the small States allowed equal representation with large ones. Messrs. Eldridge and Peters suggested that there could be no limit to the power of the Senate to amend House revenue bills, but subsequently voted to table the Senate Tariff bill. Those voting in the negative were Messrs. Ritchie, Archer, Conner, McCormick, Hanks, Kendall, Lewis, Reed, and Speer. The resolution and action of the House thereon was subsequently reported to the Senate, when it was ordered to lie on the table with the understanding that it be taken up to-morrow, when Messrs. Morrill and Sherman will make speeches, commencing upon the action of the House and affirming the unlimited power of the Senate to amend revenue bills. Inasmuch as this question was pretty thoroughly discussed before Sherman's Tariff bill was proceeded with, it is not expected that there will be any very extended debate in this direction.

THE ADJOURNMENT QUESTION.

It has been suggested, in view of the action of the House to-day on the Tariff bill, that the question of the adjournment of Congress before the assembling of the Philadelphia Convention has been made more doubtful than ever. This will depend largely, however, upon the temper with which the Senate will receive the House Tariff bill, which the Committee of Ways and Means will be prepared to report next week. If the Senate debates this bill as extensively as it did Sherman's, and endeavors to amend it as it has most of the House revenue bills, it is conceded that Congress cannot by any possibility adjourn before July next.

TEA AND COFFEE.

One fact was disclosed in the House debate to-day on the Senate Tariff bill, and that is that free tea and coffee are yet among the possibilities of legislation this session. The present Senate Tariff bill is based on the Free Tea and Coffee bill passed by the House last spring. A similar bill, which was passed this winter, is still in the custody of the Finance Committee, which can report it at any time and put it on its passage in the Senate.

ELECTION CASES.

The Committee on Elections have agreed to report in the case of Gooding against Wilson in favor of Judge Wilson. The Committee was divided by party lines in the matter. The three preceding cases, however, have been decided in favor of the Democratic contestants. In this case the contest turns upon a recount of only a half-box some days after it had stood in a bar-room unlocked, by which the majority of four votes for Wilson was made to disappear. The sitting member will doubtless retain his seat.

REVENUE APPOINTMENT.

The President, to-day, at the request of General Bristow, appointed Franklin S. Hill, of Springfield, Ky., Assessor of Internal Revenue in the Fourth Kentucky District. He was, during the war, a Captain in the Sixteenth Kentucky Infantry, and had an excellent record. He was not an applicant for the position, but was selected here, without his knowledge, as a fit man for the place.

THE SOUTH IMPROVEMENT COMPANY.

In an investigation of the affairs of the South Improvement Company, the Secretary, W. G. Warden, testified that the Company was organized about Jan. 9, 1872, with a charter similar to the Pennsylvania Company, and that the expectation was to get all refiners to join. Two thousand shares of stock at $100 each were taken, and 20 per cent paid in. The former rates to New York by rail were $1 25; under the Improvement Company they were $2 56 on crude oil, of which the Improvement Company and all shippers acting with it received a rebate of $1 06. The calculations made by oil men who heard the witness were, that the rebates at these rates would amount to $6,000,000 per year, and the increase to railroads about $1,800,000. The refiners would not all join, and, on account of the excitement in the oil regions, contracts were not enforced and now are annulled. John Alexander, of Alexander, Scofield & Co., of Cleveland, testified that they sold their refinery for about 45 per cent of its value to the Standard Oil Company, which was to go into the South Improvement Company. They were forced to sell, as they could not afford to run against the combination. W. H. Doan, a shipper of oil at Cleveland, testified that he did not get drawbacks from the railroad, and his occupation was gone, because he could not stand against the discrimination in freights against him. P. H. Watson, President of the South Improvement Company, has been summoned, and is expected to testify before the Committee to-morrow, and will be required to produce the contracts between the South Improvement Company and the trunk lines of railroads leading into the oil regions. Mr. Lombard, who was a sufferer about the 4th of March to the amount of nearly a thousand dollars on raised freights forced by the South Improvement Company, has been summoned.

BAYFIELD & ST. CROIX LAND GRANTS SCHEME.

The Speaker has appointed Messrs. Ketcham, Holman, and Rusk as a Conference Committee on the part of the House in the Bayfield & St. Croix land-grant scheme.

CHICAGO RELIEF BILL.

The Chicago Relief bill was engrossed to-day, and will sent to the President to-morrow.

THE GRANVILLE NOTE.

In the Cabinet meeting, to-day, the Granville note formed the main topic of consideration. This second note is said to be similar to the former one, only that it elaborates more fully the position of the British Government as to the American claims for consequential damages. The position taken at the outset—that the treaty is entirely misunderstood, at least on the other side of the water, if these claims can be submitted to arbitration, or even considered for a moment—is adhered to more strongly than in the first note. It is considered that there is still room for a reply, and that the second note rather invites it than otherwise. No answer has as yet been determined upon.

[To the Associated Press.]

PUBLIC LANDS

Various bills were reported from the Committee on Public Lands, explained, and passed, including the following: To amend the Town Site laws; to declare the Ocean Indian trust lands in Kansas subject to disposal for cash only to actual settlers, in quantities not exceeding 160 acres, in accordance with the general principles of the preemption laws; in reference to lands granted for improving the navigation at the Falls of St. Anthony, Minn.; to quit the titles to certain lands in Missouri.

PROPOSED WORKINGMEN'S BANKING ASSOCIATION.

Mr. Brooks, of New York, presented a memorial from the Workingmen of New York, asking a charter for the Workingmen's Co-operative Colonization National Bank of America, capital $10,000,000, in $500 shares, payable in $5 monthly instalments. The institution is to aid co-operative associations in farming, mining, manufacturing, and other mechanical pursuits, and in colonizing on farms and in villages. The funds of the bank are to be in United States stocks. The Directors are to be home *bida* workingmen.

CABINET MEETING.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—All the members of the Cabinet were present at the session to-day. Previous to the meeting, the British Minister, accompanying Vice Admiral Fanshaw, of the British Navy, called at the White House. They were met by Secretary Fish, who introduced the distinguished visitors to the President. The letter of Earl Granville, in reply to Secretary Fish, was read at the Cabinet meeting to-day, occupying nearly all of the more than two hours' session. Particulars of the letter cannot be ascertained. Cabinet members decline to converse on the subject, seeming to have a general understanding that it would be improper to furnish anything concerning it for publication, pending the correspondence on the subject of the Alabama Claims, and the difference of interpretation of the United States and Great Britain, respectively. It is known, however, from a reliable source, that the letter from Earl Granville is in the character of an elaborate argument against the claim of the United States for indirect damages. It is firm, yet friendly in tone, and expresses the hope that both nations will be able to come to an understanding upon which will eventually carry out the Treaty of Washington according to what the British Government believes to be its true intent and meaning. The letter is in accord with the recent utterances of the British press on the subject. The Secretary of State will not reply to Earl Granville at present, as time is required for consideration of the points and arguments of this unusually long diplomatic letter. From latitudinous but high quarters, the Government will adhere to its position of submitting the entire case, claims for indirect or consequential damages included, with a willingness to abide by the decision of those designated by the Treaty to effect that adjustment of the differences between the two countries.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

Comptroller Hulburd has received thirty days' leave of absence from duties as Comptroller of the Currency. Mr. John J. Knox, Deputy Comptroller, is by law acting Comptroller during his absence. Hulburd's resignation has been at the disposal of the President since the 4th, the Committee of the House introduced the resolution recommending a change in the office.

THE JAPANESE.

Several members of the Japanese Embassy are being shown through the Treasurer's office to-day.

THE SENATE ARMS COMMITTEE

met this morning and examined Secretary Robeson. His testimony was similar to that heretofore given by Admiral Porter. The Committee on Expenditures in the War Department, Commodore Case, Chief of the Navy Ordnance Bureau, testified that he had found the testimony of the Secretary of the Navy, which he corroborated with some additional explanations. In response to a question by Senator Logan, he said he did not know of any Government official who had received, directly or indirectly, any sum of money growing out of the sales of arms.

Jobes H. Gill sworn. Senator Hamlin stated to him that Mr. Edwards said yesterday that to December, 1870, he saw at the Frankford Arsenal General Dyer, Samuel Remington, Colonel Squires, and Colonel Treadwell, and that Mr. Gill told him that these parties were in private conversation which, he understood, was on the subject of the purchase of ammunition. Witness said he had heard no such conversation, and did not see Remington, but the next day heard he was there. He did not see Colonel Squire. He believed Richard Remington was there to buy cartridges.

Colonel Treadwell, Commandant at the Frankford Arsenal, was examined, and said that some time in December, 1870, General Dyer and Mr. Remington were there. He did not know that Remington's purpose was to purchase cartridges. Force of the Arsenal was increased, the service, or cap handle, cartridges, used for the springfield rifles, were made. Remington made many inquiries about the manufacture of cartridges. He had purchased machinery for making cartridges. The witness knew of no officers who had profited by sales of arms or ordnance stores.

The Committee adjourned until to-morrow.

In the case of Gooding against Wilson, from the Evansville District of Indiana, the Republican members of the House Committee on Elections will report in favor of Wilson; the Democrats favor Gooding. This is the first case this session wherein the reports have been strictly party.

In the case of Delarge against Bowen, from South Carolina, Judge Paschall moved to dismiss the contest on the ground that Bowen acted as a member of the South Carolina Legislature after his election to Congress.

TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.

The Committee of Ways and Means this morning agreed to report in favor of a specific duty on books, instead of an *ad valorem*. They also determined to amend the law imposing duties on crockery ware, so that it shall be levied on the ware alone, and not on the crate, straw, etc., as has heretofore been the case.

THE SIGNAL SERVICE.

The House Committee on Appropriations today agreed to report in favor of an appropriation of $225,000 for the Signal Service Bureau. The appropriation last year was $150,000, and the amount asked for this year was $250,000.

TO BE REFUNDED.

The Secretary of the Treasury has decided that the income tax on the salary of the President of the United States and Judges of the Supreme Court is unconstitutional, and the same will be refunded and not hereafter imposed.

MEXICAN RAIDERS

Generals Sheridan and Auger have been directed by an order from the War Department to use extraordinary efforts to capture and turn over to the civil authorities for trial all persons who raid from Mexico into Texas.

NAVAL.

The Navy Department has advices from the Asiatic fleet, dated Hong Kong, Feb. 15. The gunboat Ashuelot saved the passengers and crew of the American steamer Surnando from the hands of Chinese pirates, large numbers of whom had surrounded the Surnando but retreated on the approach of the Ashuelot.

NAVY DEPARTMENT INVESTIGATION.

The Naval Investigating Committee met this evening. George E. Wilson was sworn, and testified. He is Superintendent of Machinery at the Washington Navy Yard, and has been since May, 1861. The yard is supplied with every facility for building first-class engines. The yard can manufacture engines cheaper than by contract with outside parties, and in much more satisfactory manner. He thought it much more economical to build engines at the Navy Yard than to let them built by contractors. They could employ there from 700 to 1,000 men. Compound engines could be built there. They could, in fact, build as big an engine as was ever designed. The witness replied to a question by Representative Archer, that our Navy Yards could furnish work superior to those of contractors. They were furnished with the best machinery of every kind. In reply

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

MONETARY.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 2.

The activity in checking and depositing incident to the settlements in the grain trade at the close of the month of March was shown this morning by clearings to the large amount of $6,800,000. The Union National Bank was debit, at the clearings this morning, $650,000, and the Third was credit for $472,000. These balances are more than six times as large as their average debits and credits, and show that one set of customers have got tired of carrying the load of corn, and have shifted it off upon another.

Money is gradually growing more scarce in this market. The banks are accommodating all their regular customers yet, but in the open market brokers are asking 1 per cent per month on first-class paper.

Exchange was lower to-day owing to a demand for currency, and sold between banks at from 25c to 50c per $1,000 discount.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE SAVINGS BANKS.

Below is a summary of the statements of the four principal savings banks of Chicago, showing their condition at the close of the first quarter of the year on March 30:

	LIABILITIES. Capital Stock	Surplus & Profits	Due to Depositors.
State Savings Institution	$100,000	$73,915	$3,736,261
Merchants' Farmers' & Mechanics'	71,115	.....	1,039,830
Prairie State Loan & Trust Co	150,000	33,240	891,710
Commercial Loan & Trust Co	100,000	14,026	291,815
	$426,115	$120,281	$5,021,616

INVESTMENTS.	Bonds and Stocks.	Loans on Collaterals.	Loans on Real Estate.	Real Estate.	Office, Furniture and Safes.	Cash and Exchange.
State Savings Institution	$1,191,500	$749,469	$1,289,265			$128,481
Merchants', Farmers' & Mechanics'	$286,625	$160 464	$30,815			
Prairie State Loan & Trust Company	$119,150	$86,356	$207,646	$32,546		$77,792
Commercial Loan & Trust Company	$155,418	.....	$345,639			$30,254

The aggregate of the deposits of the four banks shown above is $5,021,616, a large sum considering the amount of capital of the banks, which in the aggregate is only $491,115. Savings banks are, however, not expected to have capital to any thing like the extent of commercial banks, as the class of investments appropriate for the employment of savings deposits, while they are safer than those in which the funds of the commercial banks are employed, do not pay so large interest, and, therefore, do not justify the paying in of large capital to start the business.

In the aggregate the four banks hold $1,166,854 of cash and exchange, an amount equal to 19 per cent of their aggregate deposits. They hold also $1,364,078 in national, State, county, city and other bonds, which are salable any day in the market, and if so disposed of would pay 25 per cent of their deposits. Taken separately the total as sets of each of the banks, and the manner of their investments, may be stated as follows:

The total assets of the State Savings Institution are $3,916,377, of which 14 per cent is in cash, 30 per cent in bonds, 13½ per cent in demand loans on collaterals, 33 per cent in loans on real estate, and 7 per cent in other loans, about 3 per cent being invested in real estate and other property.

The total assets of the Merchants', Farmers' & Mechanics' amount to $1,169,946, of which 25 per cent is in cash and exchange, nearly 5 per cent is in bonds, 29 per cent in mortgage on real estate, 41 per cent in collaterals, and the remainder in other securities.

The total assets of the Prairie State Loan & Trust Company are $981,360, of which 22 per cent is in cash and exchange, nearly 5 per cent is in bonds, 29 per cent in mortgage on real estate, 21 per cent in loans on collaterals, and 23 per cent in loans in collaterals.

The assets of the Commercial Loan & Trust Company is not as intelligible because of the other three banks, and all that can be eliminated from it is that $155,418 of total assets, 30½ per cent is in cash and exchange, and 70 per cent is invested in real estate, and on other securities; the remaining 7½ per cent is in real estate and office fixtures.

All the statements, however, are good ones, and, according to the figures as shown, they show the banks to be in a sound condition.

No banking corporation should have the right to end up the business of taking other people's money for safe-keeping without undergoing periodic statements of its condition, and the public may feel in readiness to exhibit its accounts, securities and investments to some properly-authorized officer at any time. There is no provision in the laws of this State for any such reports or for any such examining officer, though there can be no doubt that the necessity for both there are savings and other banks all over the State whose condition has never been shown in a public report, and of whose affairs nobody except one or two officers, knows anything whatever, and they claimed that reports and the visits of Bank Examiners would be unpleasant to them, but it is quite certain that they are the means of, from time to time, inducing persons to deposit their money in such rottenness, and saving the public from much loss.

The four banks mentioned above are to be commended for voluntarily adopting the plan of making quarterly statements, and it is to be hoped that the one or two other institutions which have made no statement since the fire will see the propriety of following the example.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Quotations for buying and selling in this market (as shown below) are given by Messrs. Lunt, Preston & Kean as follows:

	Buying.	Selling.
United States 6s of '81	.....	.....
5-20s of '62	.112	.113
" " '64	.112	.113
" " '65 Jan. and July	.112	.113
" " '67 " "	.112	.113
" " '68 " "	.112	.113
10-40s	.102	.103
United States new 5 per cent's	.109	.110
United States currency 6s	.114	.115
Northern Pacific Gold 7-30s	.....	100 and int.
Chicago City 7s	.....	100 and int.
Cook County 7s	.....	100 and int.
Gold Exchange	.107	.108
Sterling Exchange (large drafts)	109¾	110
Gold and Gold Coupons	.109½	.109¾
Land Warrants, 160 acres	.138	.143
Land Warrants, 120 "	.133	.142
Agricultural College Land Scrip	173	175

NEW YORK, April 2.—Gold dull at 109¾@110. Loans were from 6 to 3-64 for carrying. Clearings, $46,000,000.

Governments quiet and firm.

Stocks opened strong, but declined, owing to the great stringency in money, but in the afternoon the market was active and buoyant, and there was a general advance in prices. The strongest stocks were Wabash, Rock Island, Western Union, Erie, Reading, North western common, and Western Union. The market at the closest is buoyant tone and the advance noted from 1 to 3 per cent. Vanderbilt and Jilson Parkie were very weak. A report that Cornelius Vanderbilt and Messrs. Archer and Stebbins had resigned their positions had an unfavorable influence on the stock. The highest price for Erie to-day was 36, and the lowest 35½, the closing figure, 61. At the final close, the market began to rally from the lowest prices.

The Panama Railroad Directors to-day elected Mr. A. B. Stockwell President; W. G. Bellows, Vice President.

Money being very active, loans were as high as 7 and interest per day.

Sterling bills dull and quiet.

Sterling, 60 days	.....	.....	
Governments:			
Coupe, '81	115½	Coupe, '67	113½
Coupe, '62	112½	Coupe, '68	113½
Coupe, '64	112½	10-40s	103½
Coupe, '65	113½	Currency, 6s	115½
Coupe, '65, new	113½		
State bonds:			
Missouris	95	Old Virginias	55
Old Tennessees	66½	Old N. Carolinas	32
New Tennessees	66½	New N. Carolinas	38
New Virginias	56		
Stocks:			
Canton	94	N. J. Central	110½
Western Union Tel	74½	St. Paul	34½
Quicksilver	40½	St. Paul preferred	81
Adams Express	97½	Wabash	79
Wells & Fargo Ex	89	Wabash preferred	91
American Express	73½	Fort Wayne	96
United States Ex	73½	Terre Haute	24
Pacific Mail	34½	Terre Haute preferred	50
New York Central	99½	Chicago & Alton	117
N Y Central scrip	92	Chi. & Alton pref	120
Erie	35½	Ohio & Mississippi	30
Erie preferred	82½	Cin., Col. & Cleve	91½
Harlem	114	Chicago, Bur. & Q	132
Harlem preferred	130	Lake Shore	89½
Reading	115	Indiana Central	28
Michigan Central	115	Illinois Central	133
Pittsburgh	93½	Union Pacific	34
Northwestern	84	Union Pacific Bonds	91½
Northwestern pref	96	Cen. Pacific Bonds	101½
Rock Island	117½	Del. & Lack	119

COMMERCIAL.

TUESDAY EVENING, April 2.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and produce for the past twenty-four hours:

	Received. 1872.	1871.	Shipped. 1872.	1871.
Flour, brls	4,300	3,727	1,305	4,110
Wheat, bu	7,500	1,000	21,000	129,024
Corn, bu	31,320	32,328	27,104	96,220
Oats, bu	21,320	12,320	15,999	40
Rye, bu	1,140	1,847	1,457	.....
Barley, bu	3,550	2,421	1,921	1,115
Grass seed, lbs	117,500	82,355	35,184	22,004
Flax seed, lbs	3,500	.....	2,000	36,000
Broom corn, lbs	32,760	45,320	20,990	60,585
Cured meats, lbs	116,840	48,250	610,880	107,000
Beef, brls	16	41	1,000	62
Pork, brls	293	14	639	138
Lard, lbs	22,610	62,490	102,310	38,902
Tallow, lbs	11,170	14,550	25,000	.....
Butter, lbs	35,005	37,986	240	1,000
D. hogs, No	58	27	.....	.....
Live hogs, No	1,007	2,234	3,853	2,161
Cattle, No	1,788	2,109	2,341	1,799
Sheep, No	382	751	1,304	.....
Hides, lbs	146,570	102,800	122,700	43,500
Highwines, brls	167	564	226	281
Wool, lbs	27,500	8,430	9,174	6,419
Potatoes, bu	20,300	9,820	.....	1,617
Lumber, m	1,448	812	312	1,506
Shingles, m	992	910	993	1,620
Salt, brls	149	.....	149	321
Salt, brls	149	.....	149	811

Withdrawn yesterday for city consumption: 1,371 bu barley.

Inspected into store up to 10 o'clock this morning, 27 cars corn, 1 car oats. Total, 17,000 bu.

The produce market were generally more active to-day, but easier, with scarcely an exception, some being quite weak. The receipts continue small, and less than the shipments.

A statement was read on 'Change to-day to the effect that there is no danger to be apprehended from the Farwell building. It may be comforting to some of our readers to say that the statement was not made by Mr. Van Osdel.

Highwines were quiet and steady, sales being reported of 200 brls at 83c per gallon. The market closed with buyers at 82c, and holders asking 83c.

Lake freights were quiet and unchanged. Corn by sail was quoted at 10½c to Buffalo, 15c to Oswego, and 17c to Kingston.

Provisions were dull and again lower, to the extent of about 16@15c per brl on pork, and 25@50c per 100 lbs on lard. There was no particular reason for the further decline, except, perhaps, the publication this morning of a portion of a bull circular, setting forth the fact (?) that we are on the eve of a famine in pork products. As nobody can eat when there is a famine, our local holders were anxious to sell out what little (?) they have on hand. They offered their property very freely, and found few buyers at any price. Seriously, this practice of attempting to write a market up or down seldom accomplishes more than to make the writers ridiculous. Salted meats to-day were quiet and dull. Bacon was easier. The market closed at the following range of quotations: Mess pork, cash or seller April, $15.20; do, seller May, $15.40; do, seller June, $15.55@15.60; do, seller July, $11.75@11.80. Lard, cash or seller April, $8.15; do seller May, $8.27½@8.30; do, seller June, $8.42½@8.45. Green hams were quiet at 6@6½c. Dry salted meats at nominally 5½c for rough sides; 6½@6¾c for short clear sides; and 6@6½c for short clear. Boxed meats were 1c higher than the above for sellers, but lower for buyers. Boxed Cumberlands, 5½@5¾c. Sweet pickled hams, 8@9c for medium to fancy. Bacon quoted at 4½c for shoulders; 8½c for short rib; 9½c for short clear, and 10@10½c for hams, all packed. Mess beef, $9.75@9.90; extra mess beef, $10.75@11.00. Beef hams, $24.00. City tallow 6½@6¾c. Sales were reported of 45 brls mess pork, (clear) at $12.00; 500 brls do, cash or seller the month, at $11.20; 250 brls do cash or seller May, (early) at $11.50; 2 000 brls do at $11.45; 350 brls do at $11.42½; 100 brls do at $11.40; 1,000 brls do at $11.37½; 750 brls do at $11.35; 250 brls do seller June, at $11.60; 500 brls do at $11.55; 250 brls do at $11.50; 360 tcs do, seller May, $7.15; 1,200 tcs do, seller June, at $8.45; 500 boxes short clear at 6c; 20,000 lbs bacon clear sides, to Government, at $6.95 per 100 lbs, packed. Green meat hogs, $10.75@11.00. Beef hams, $24.00. City tallow 6½@6¾c. Sales were reported of 45 brls mess pork, (clear) at $12.00; 500 brls do, cash or seller the month, at $11.20; 250 brls do seller May, (early) at $11.50; 2 000 brls do at $11.45; 350 brls do at $11.42½; 100 brls do at $11.40; 1,000 brls do at $11.37½; 750 brls do at $11.35; 250 brls do seller June, at $11.60; 500 brls do at $11.55; 250 brls do at $11.50; 360 tcs do, seller May, $7.15; 1,200 tcs do, seller June, at $8.45; 500 boxes short clear at 6c; 20,000 lbs bacon clear sides, to Government, at $6.95 per 100 lbs, packed. Mess beef, $9.75@9.90; extra mess beef

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Wednesday Morning, April 3, 1872.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The returns from Connecticut disclose a languid and insipid contest, in which a considerable section of each party seem to have stayed away from the polls in order to let the other party carry the State. In this respect the Democratic stay-at-homes were more successful than the Republican. The total vote cast is 5,000 less than last year, instead of being 5,000 greater, as it should have been in a Presidential year. There must be fully 10,000 voters in the State to be accounted for next November which were not cast for either candidate on Monday last.

The Liberal Republicans have founded the Cincinnati movement on the theory that the Democratic organization could not again obtain either State or National success. Their very basis of action would have been destroyed, therefore, had the Democratic organization triumphed in New Hampshire or Connecticut. Such a result would have encouraged the Democratic party to fight a dozen new campaigns under their old banner. The demand of their antediluvian wing for a National Convention would have been irresistible. Had Morton, Conkling & Co. been wise they would have instructed their Stevenson Orgelestory and Postmaster in New Hampshire and Connecticut to vote the Democratic ticket. Two Democratic victories in succession would have made the welkin ring with the Democratic jubilee, and, as the result, the Democratic National Convention would be called, the Cincinnati Conference would dissolve, and President Grant would certainly be re-elected. Those who hurrah for Grant can only rejoice over the Connecticut and New Hampshire victories at the expense of their intelligence.

It will still be a task of great delicacy and no little difficulty to restrain the three millions of Democratic voters from meeting in convention, and to induce them to accept the defeat of the party on its past issues, growing out of slavery and the war, as final and conclusive, and thereupon give up the ghost. But the leaven is working.

THE BURNT RECORDS BILL.

We regret the seeming disposition on the part of some of the Chicago Representatives in the Legislature to defeat the Burnt Records bill, because of the amendments made thereto in the Senate. The point which these gentlemen make will not stand the test of examination. The bill, as it passed the House, provides, in the eighth section, that the County Board shall examine into the state of the county records, and, in case they find any abstracts, copies, minutes, or extracts from such records, that were fairly made before the original records were destroyed, by any persons in the ordinary course of business, the County Board may, at its option, purchase from the owners thereof such abstracts, copies, etc., paying therefor such price as may be agreed upon with the owners; or the County Board may purchase, at its discretion, a copy of such abstracts, etc. In Section 9 of the same bill it is provided that in all cases where abstracts, copies, etc., shall be received in evidence, whether purchased by the county or not, all deeds or other instruments of writing, appearing *thereby* to have been executed by any person or persons, "shall be presumed to have been executed and acknowledged according to law" and all sales, etc., under the same "shall be presumed to be regular and correct." The effect of this last provision is to make these abstracts in private hands legal evidence, and entitled to higher presumptions of law than the original records. These presumptions are probably worth half as much in cash as the abstract-books themselves.

The Senate, by its amendments, took from the County Board the power to decide whether the abstracts offered were of any value as a substitute for records, and placed that function in the Judges of the Circuit and Superior Courts. It took from the County Board the absolute power to buy the abstract-books, and made any contract to purchase subject to the approval of the Circuit and Superior Court Judges. It further changed the ninth section by confining the presumptions of regularity and legality to such books or minutes as should be purchased by the county, and made of public record within the reach and open to the examination of all, and even in such cases excepted from the operation of such presumptions all persons in actual and peaceable possession of land on the 8th of October last, and also all persons of unsound mind, infants, and married women claiming rights other than dower. Surely, the highest presumptions of law ought to exist in favor of parties in quiet and undisturbed possession before the fire.

It is against these two amendments that the opposition is said to be organizing in the House, to defeat the bill. We trust that the House will not permit these amendments to be stricken out, and that it will not permit the bill to be defeated. The amendment transferring to the Courts the examination of these abstract-books with a view to ascertain their utility as a substitute for the original records is so proper that no one can hesitate as to its adoption. The next change is to make the approval of the Courts necessary to any purchase of the books. We do not question the honesty of the Board of County Commissioners, but we think that when it is proposed to purchase books and papers affecting the titles to all the real property in this county, the judgment and experience of the Judges of the several Courts are a better guide than that of a majority of the County Board, and that the approval by the Courts of every purchase of land records that may be made is a wise precaution.

The next amendment is certainly of no doubtful propriety. The House bill provides that these abstracts shall be legal evidence, and entitled to certain extraordinary, but, doubtless, necessary, presumptions in their favor. This gives to them a value that they cannot otherwise obtain. The bill gives them this legal character, whether they are bought by the county or not, thus making private memoranda, in the hands of persons no wise responsible to the public, the highest evidence, and, in a majority of cases, the only evidence of title. The Senate amendment limits these presumptions of regularity of execution and acknowledgment to such records as the Judges may decide to have such value as will meet their purchase by the county. When they shall have been purchased at a fair price, to be approved by the Judges, and have become of public record, no longer mere private memoranda, then, and not till then, will they become entitled to legal presumptions as to their regularity in all cases except against minors, insane persons, and persons in actual possession when the original records were destroyed. What objection can there be to this? If the House bill passes, these abstracts, while remaining private property, will have a legal character wholly unknown to private papers not original documents. It will be making them legal records, with the custody, preservation, and protection thereof vested in private parties. To pass this law as the House passed it, is to give to these records, in the hands of their present owners, a commercial value much higher than that which they need have.

Another instance in which the Senate has judiciously guarded against wrong is in denying that anything contained in the abstract-books shall establish presumptions of actually shown in said abstracts against the rights of a man in actual possession of his property before the fire. A forged deed, or a deed never delivered, or never acknowledged, if recorded before the fire, will appear noted on these abstracts,—and the House bill will make them conclusive against an owner in peaceable possession at the time of the fire, and who had never heard of any adverse claim. The Senate bill secures to every man holding possession at the time of the fire his rights, until a claimant does what he would have had to do had no fire occurred, prove up a better claim, in the way provided by law. We hope that, even if some of the Chicago members are dissatisfied, the good sense of the House generally will induce that body to concur in the Senate amendments, and give us the bill substantially in the shape passed by that body.

THE NEW YORK WORLD—ITS WESTERN FRIENDS.

The result of the election in Connecticut confirms the suspicion that the Democratic party has outlived its usefulness, and is no longer capable of sustaining a platform strong enough for candidates to stand upon,—in other words, that it is dead. In an article printed before this election, which we republish elsewhere, the *Illinois State Register* takes this view of the situation, and rather contemptuously scouts the proposition of the New York *World*, to maintain the party organization, and go through the forms of nominating and voting for candidates. The *World* is now the only Democratic paper of any prominence which urges this course, but it has not the grace to perceive that the terrible knock-down which its party got in New York, last year, has shorn it of a large share of its influence in national councils. The Connecticut election has shown that the Western Democrats are in the right. The Democratic party, in this contest, did not, even with the aid of the Labor Reform party, which voted solidly for Hubbard, manifest even a spasm of life. Even Tammany itself failed to send its customary colony of voters and repeaters, and the contributions of the Tammany leaders were wanting. Hundreds of fair-weather Republicans stayed away from the polls, and yet the Democratic banner once more trailed in its familiar mud.

The condition in which the Democratic party finds itself is due to the returning good sense of the Western Democracy. The Passive Policy, which influential Western journals have urged, has done the work, rather than the assaults of the Republicans. Under the operation of that policy, it has slowly but surely disintegrated. It is without any platform of principles. It is without leaders, or banners, or warcries. Its old enthusiasm has given place to apathy. Its rank and file have wandered off like lost sheep. Its organization has been so weakened that mere shadows of parties like the Labor Reformers, the Prohibitionists, the Woman Suffragists, and the Internationalists have taken votes away from it. Whatever life it may have had before the declaration of that policy, flickered out when that policy was enunciated. Repeated and continuous defeats have weakened and discouraged its followers, and no war-cry is loud or long enough to rally them together again. It was hardly necessary to urge a Passive Policy, for the party was, in fact, most passive under that policy. It has been stagnant for the past seven or eight years, and political, like material, stagnation means decay. Life cannot be maintained without action, and the moment a party commences to stand still, that moment it commences to go to pieces.

The efforts of the New York *World* to resuscitate it will be impossible, for many reasons, the chief of which is, that the party bonds have been relaxed by a two-years' discussion of the question whether it is still alive. Whatever might have been the chances of the party otherwise (and they were very small), this discussion has been fatal to it. No party can safely hold an argument in its ranks on the question whether it is alive or dead. When it does this, it is dead; and no Witch of Endor can summon it back to life. All that the late Democrats have to do, is to watch and wait until their salvation is secured for them outside of their own deceased organization. Then, putting the past behind them, clothed, and in their right minds, a place can be made for such of them as choose to come in the ranks of the Liberal Republicans; and we shall expect them, when they make their appearance in their new *rôles*, marching under the banner of Reform, with palm branches in their hands, to sing their hosannas with the usual enthusiasm of young converts. Until that time comes they had better stay dead, and the New York *World* should cease its unseemly incantations at the grave. Meanwhile, we commend the article from the *Register* as good reading for anxious Democrats, and, in view of the results of the Connecticut election, as of special interest to the *World*, that it may know not only the condition of its party friends hereabouts, but the esteem in which it is held by them.

DISCORDANT ORGANS.

Nast, the "cartooner" of *Harper's Weekly*, gives us an allegorical representation of what will be observed in New York after the Philadelphia Convention. The pleasing view of the lion-like Conkling and the lamb-like Fenton lying down together suggests the most dulcet harmonies of the Golden Age. And it suggests, as a "cartooner" may, that to be a Liberal Republican does not expel a man from the Republican party, nor does participation in the conference at Cincinnati necessarily prevent the participant from voting for the nominee of Philadelphia.

The Washington *Chronicle*, however, equally zealous in the service of the loaves and fishes, takes the opposite view. Commenting on Mr. Greeley's letter in response to the Cincinnati call, it says:

> Some one must be trusted in this poor world of ours, and, if we could not trust Horace Greeley, pray whom should we trust?

Well, he has left the old party. We are sorry. It comes from the bottom of our soul. We are sorry that the old relations must be severed. We are sorry in many ways—but most of all do we sorrow for Greeley himself. The party will miss him—but the party can get along without him. The party is stronger and wiser than any one man who ever stood within its ranks, though he be a Greeley. The party will march steadily forward to its well-planned victory as though a "star" had not—etc., etc.

So this little village newspaper, never distinguished except as the recipient of Post Office printing and odd bits of plunder from Bullock and Evans, reads Mr. Horace Greeley out of the party as complacently as the Tartar Chief, having eaten his many meal of asses' milk, blows his horn so that the rest of the world may take breakfast. The *Chronicle*, however, does not represent the Administration. That service is rendered by the Washington *Republican*, which declares that "no one has read anybody out of the party, or attempted to do so, for attending the Philadelphia Convention." It says:

> The Republicans who look to the Philadelphia Convention as the only recognized body that is entitled to speak for the party, to decide upon its platform, to nominate its candidates, to conduct its campaign, do not care whether or not any portion of their brethren go to Cincinnati to attend a mass meeting. They do not care what they say, but they insist that if they make corrupt bargains with the enemy they have been fighting so long, they shall be no longer considered within the party lines.

It is a rule of law that men shall make no bargains after they are dead. It will be a rule of the Cincinnati Conference to make no third-party nomination, and to make none at all unless the demise of the Democratic party is established. If, then, the Liberal Republican party cannot be born until after the Democratic party has given up the ghost, there will be but a short time left for them to make a bargain with each other. And if they should, a bargain to put an end to corruption is quite a different thing from a corrupt bargain. Organs at Washington City may not see the distinction. But there are those to whom it is plain.

The business of our railways has increased so largely and so rapidly within the last few years, while, at the same time, the population and traffic of the city have grown in a corresponding ratio, that viaducts, at all the principal streets crossed by these roads, have become an imperative necessity. The managers of these roads and the Common Council need not wait till some terrible calamity befalls the city and arouses bitter feeling, as has been done against Vanderbilt's great lines in the upper part of New York City. It is far better to provide against the possibility of their occurrence than to wait till a wholesale slaughter forces immediate action upon the subject. Such accidents are sure to occur some time, and the only wonder now is that a week passes without them. Let any one stand, for instance, on Michigan or Wabash avenue, or State street, when the morning trains of the Burlington & Quincy Railway arrive and depart, and see the long lines of street-cars, carriages, drays, and every kind of vehicle blocking the streets, and he will wonder that so few lives have been lost at these places. The sinking of the railway track and the elevation of the street a few feet would effectually provide against all danger; but if there is any better mode of accomplishing the object let that be adopted. Every citizen is glad to see these long trains of cars bringing into the city the travel and the traffic of every part of the West, and equally pleased to note the increasing throngs in all our streets, and hence it is that in no captious spirit we urge the railway officers, in conjunction with the city authorities, to avert the dangers that daily threaten us.

THE CINCINNATI ELECTION.

There was an election for city officers in Cincinnati on Monday, which resulted in a queer way. The officers to be elected were an entire new Common Council, various city officers, and two Judges of the Courts. The Republican Convention met first, and was composed in the usual way. There was a known Republican majority in the city of 1,500, perhaps 2,000, and on the strength of this, and of the allegiance which, it is supposed, every man owes to vote for party nominees, the Convention nominated a ticket generally objectionable. The candidates for Judges were considered so objectionable that they were requested by numerous persons to withdraw, but one of them declared his purpose to "sink with the Republican party."

The Democratic Convention nominated a ticket which, although below the proper standard, was some improvement upon the Republican ticket. The *Commercial* and the *Gazette*, the Republican papers, advised their readers to mark their rebrobation of the work of their Convention by either scratching the names of the objectionable candidates, or voting the Democratic ticket. This was denounced as "treason" by the party managers; but the people took the advice of their papers, and the result is the defeat of the more disgraceful nominations of the Republican Convention by at least 2,000 majority.

This is another evidence, if any were needed, of the growing independence of the people, and of their refusal to be bound by party nominations to vote for unfit persons for office. When office-seekers seize the machinery of party to compel the election of unfit persons for office, the duty of every citizen is to rebuke and defeat such despotism by voting against that ticket, no matter in what name it may be nominated. It will be better for the country when the result in Cincinnati is repeated as often as there is the least occasion for it.

THE RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

In the excitement which has attended the New Hampshire and Connecticut elections, the claims of little Rhode Island and Providence Plantations have been entirely overlooked. Her State election, however, takes place there to-day, the issues of which are to be decided strictly by the Republicans and Democrats, the State not being large enough to contain more than two parties. For State officers, the Republicans have nominated Seth Padelford for Governor, Pardon W. Stevens for Lieutenant Governor, Joshua M. Addleman for Secretary of State, Willard Sayler for Attorney General, and Samuel Clark for Treasurer. The Democratic candidates for the same offices are Olney Arnold, Charles R. Cutter, William J. Miller, George N. Bliss, and William P. Congdon. The Legislature of 1871 consisted of 26 Republican and 10 Democratic Senators, and 50 Republican and 16 Democratic members of the House. Last year the Republican candidate for Governor received a majority of 3,471, in a total vote of 13,265; and, as the policy of the Democratic party in that State has always been passive enough to allow the Republican majority to be in the ratio of two to one, we presume it will be so this year.

Forsyth's Mobile *Register* is piqued by our suggestion that the Liberal Republicans do not want nor expect the support of the Democratic organization as such, but want such a reconstruction of parties as will enable both Democrats and Republicans to vote as they feel on the question of Reform in public administration, instead of continuing to vote for and against the Rebellion seven years after the Rebellion ended. It attributes our position to disgust for Democratic voters personally, and on this assumption reminds us that if the Liberals are ashamed of the company of Democrats, they may miss some Democratic support for their ticket. Mr. Forsyth knows as well as we do, that what we can have no affiliation with is the Democratic party. But if any individuals of which that party is now composed desire to vote for Reform, they become just as good Reformers as if they had all their lives been Republicans. Every party has freely welcomed accessions from all other parties, whether coming singly or by the million. The Liberal Republicans will do the same by every Democrat who will array himself with sincere Reformers in a contest for better administration of public affairs. On the other hand, the office-holders' organs are already boasting of the number of Democratic newspapers that will hoist the standard of Grant. What we want is an open field and a square fight for Reform, with no other issue, and no blackguarding on account of what happened in years gone by.

By the Funding bill of July, 1870, Secretary Boutwell was authorized to sell certain bonds, under certain plainly-expressed conditions. He sold the bonds, and utterly ignored the conditions, thus deliberately violating the law. By an act of 1866 it is made imperative on the War Department to advertise all sales of war material, and to sell no stores except those unfit for use. The French arms investigation has revealed the fact that sales are constantly made without any advertisement whatever, and that it has been a regular custom to manufacture stores for sale. Both of these practices are in direct violation of law. By a series of acts, passed between 1843 and 1861, all naval stores are required to be advertised for. The Robeson Investigation Committee has discovered that this law "is construed" (not by a Judge, but by some clerk) "not to apply to the Ordnance Bureau," so that the enormous business transacted there is done in constant violation of law. In view of this instructive chain of facts, it would be well for Congress hereafter to add to each of its enactments a notification that it is not a suggestion, to be adopted or rejected at will, but part of the law of the land, to be respected and obeyed, even by a "servant of the people."

A Paris correspondent of the London *News* furnishes the following important data in regard to the time of meeting of the Court of Arbitration, which is to decide the question of damages in the Alabama claims:

> A contemporary is incorrect in stating that the Court of Arbitration "must hold its next meeting not later than June." By the terms of Article 4. of the Treaty of Washington, the Arbitrators will meet on the 15th April next to receive the counter cases, and additional documents and evidence. The treaty only allows the Arbitrators to grant a further delay of two months, "when in their judgment it becomes necessary, in consequence of the distance of the place from which the evidence to be presented is to be procured." I have reason to believe that there is not at present any important difference between the American and English counsel with respect to the evidence addduced by either party in the respective cases. It follows, therefore, that a decision as to the course to be taken with respect to the maintenance or abrogation of the treaty must be arrived at previous to the 15th of April next, and even if it should be ultimately decided by either side to apply for a further delay, this must be done by putting in an appearance at Geneva next month, and so manifesting an intention to go on with the case. If England, therefore, asks for time next month, she will virtually pledge herself to continue the arbitration. Any way it may be looked upon as certain that the United States counter case will be duly presented on the 15th of April. The moderate and conciliatory tone of the English papers has strengthened the impression which is prevalent among Americans in Paris, that the Treaty of Washington will ultimately be maintained.

Several prominent papers in this State among them the Rock Island *Union* and Geneseo *Republic*, have endorsed the Hon. George E. Wait, of Genesco, as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor before the Republican State Convention. Judge Wait will be remembered as one of the ablest and most efficient members of the last Constitutional Convention. He is at present a member of the State Central Committee, a staunch Republican, and a man whose record is untarnished. The compliment which his friends have paid him, in soliciting him to go before the Convention as a candidate for the office of Lieutenant Governor, has been very worthily bestowed.

PERSONAL.

There is a Mormon Society of fifty members among the miners at Scranton, Pa.

—Mr. Chaffee, of Ashford, Conn., has taken the Hartford *Courant* for 60 years.

—Prof. J. L. Gay, of the Indiana State University, has resigned the Chair lately occupied by him in that institution, and will probably return to the ministry.

—Father Brady, of St. Anthony's Roman Catholic Church, Greenpoint, N. Y., left behind him at his death one-third of a million of dollars, without a will.

—Charles S. Spencer, recently elected Colonel of the Fifth Regiment, New York, has been presented with a $2,000 horse by one of his staff.

—A number of Americans are spending this season in Munich, where the cost of living is said to be less than in any other city in the world.

—There is a rumor that the Rev. Dr. Mark Hopkins, the venerable President of Williams College, intends to resign during the coming summer.

—The Rev. A. C. Garrett, Pastor of St. James Church, San Francisco, was lately presented with a purse of $1,000, and an elegant watch and chain, by his congregation.

—A young couple who were lately married in West Newbury, Mass., and set up housekeeping, were obliged to apply to the Overseers of the Poor at the end of two weeks for a supply of provisions.

—A Second Adventist in New York State has been fattening an ox for the past ten years, for a grand feast when the Millenium shall set in. He has spent all his property in purchasing food for that ox.

—Count Von Beust said, the other day, to a Hungarian journalist: "People believe that I have amassed riches while I was Chancellor of the Austrian Empire. The truth is, I am to-day poorer than when I came to Vienna."

—During the recent run on the Lockport (N. Y.) Savings Bank, the Overseer of the Poor noticed that several parties to whom he had extended aid during the winter months had money deposited there, which they were extremely anxious to draw out.

—A father and son, who have been living in the same house at Brantford, C., concluded that they had better secure a housekeeper, and each, unaware of the other's intentions, brought home a new wife on Friday.

—Father Difaro, the Vicar General of Florida, has returned to St. Augustine from his trip to the Everglade Indians. His mission to evangelize the red men was not successful, as he could not reach the great Chief.

—It is stated on reliable authority that the Fisk jubilee singers have already placed over $12,000 in bank toward the fund they are raising for Fisk University. They intend to, and probably will, make it $20,000 before they leave for the South.

—An embryo Barnum of 9 years, in Virginia City, Nevada, painted his little brother in the latest style of the fierce Sioux, and exhibited him as a captured son of Spotted Tail, at 25 cents a ticket. His mother visited the show, and recognized and reclaimed her darling.

—A remarkable coincidence was presented in connection with the death of Jonas Parker, at Goshen, Mo., March 15. Two days after Parker's decease, residing in different States, all died the same night, and nearly at the same hour, and each in a fit.

—The Pittsburgh *Commercial* says: "Only to think that the immediate descendants of the Otaheitans, who gave Captain Cook such an unpleasant reception, should now be manufacturing artificial ice and retailing it at 5 cents a pound."

—The reporters in the gallery of the House of Commons have a theory that, while Mr. Gladstone's face readily shows signs of vexation or alarm, Mr. Disraeli's emotions betray themselves in his feet, which he has a trick of placing and replacing in different ways.

—Says the Boston *Globe*: "The handsomest clerk in Congress is Mr. Flagg, of Vermont, a distinguished-blonde, tall and symmetrical, whose clear, full voice and manly appearance attract the ladies who frequent the Senate galleries."

—Has Mrs. Joaquin Miller's well-aired letter been the means of his sending the following to his publishers: "Please invest whatever is due me in interest-bearing Government bonds, and look them up in your safe for the benefit of my babies."

—The Buffalo *Express* says: "Among those who have been lucky in Erie Railway stock speculations recently we are pleased to mention the name of our former respected fellow-citizen, Mr. Charles M. Barras—the author of that modern dramatic work, the 'Black Crook.' We are credibly informed that Mr. B. has come [out some where] about $60,000 ahead."

—The Rutland *Herald* learns from a letter from Aiken, S. C., that Judge Isaac F. Redfield, of the Vermont Supreme Court, is not expected to survive many days. Judge Redfield went to South Carolina a short time since for his health, but finds no benefit from that climate. The letter is from Judge Redfield himself, in a feeble hand, written to a friend. Governor Fisk, of Vermont, is "I thought I must die before I arrived here. I have a fatal cough and am extremely exhausted."

—The New York *Tribune* says: "We read that the measles have of late grievously afflicted the Ute Indians. The more the Medicine Man of the tribe drummed and danced and went through all manner of incantations, the louder grew the mortality; until the bereaved kinsmen of the deceased led the M. M. to a convenient place and shot him. If we should adopt that system, what a fusilade would be kept up!"

—The Syracuse *Standard* relates a singular story: "A man who gave his name as Samuel Washburne applied for lodgings at the Police Station, and said he was an American by birth, but in the year 1831 was in Canada as a woodchopper. He happened to be near Prescott during an engagement between the British troops and the rebels, and was arrested. His statement is, that he was assumed to be a participator in the rebellion, and was transported without trial to Van Diemen's Land for life. Two years ago he was liberated through the interposition of friends in Canada, but, owing to his poverty, had great difficulty in reaching New York, where he arrived a few weeks ago."

—The Hartford *Courant* tells the following:

> A few days ago, a resident of South Farms, who had been sick some time and not expected to live, was reported as having only a few hours to live. A Sexton heard of it, and at once, and without orders, proceeded to dig the grave for the remains of the aforesaid individual. He dug until Friday night, then hired a man to finish the job, paying him therefor $1.50. The man did it in a few hours, and filled and the Sexton has a ready-made grave on hand. He says he heard the report, and, knowing the family were slow people, was afraid they would forget to have the grave dug in time, and, being sure the grave would be wanted, he dug it accordingly.

The New York World Against Success.

From the Springfield (Ill.) Register, March 30.

A telegram from New York gives the information that "The *World* of this city has changed its political front, and in a long editorial scolds the Liberal Republicans, alleging that they are nullifying that they are nullifying that they are nullifying

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Pioneer Roofing Company's Job on the Douglas and Lincoln Schools.

Proposed Sale of the Scammon School Site---North Side Accommodations.

Revision of Graded Course---Contributions in Schools---Average Attendance.

A regular meeting of the Board of Education was held last evening in their room on West Lake street, Inspector Runyan in the chair. There were also present the following Inspectors: Gossel, Calkins, Stone, Stephens, Tally, Ryan, Richberg, Briggs, Moore, Wunnsche, Ross, Schaffner, and Hambleton.

AN OFFER TO PURCHASE A SCHOOL SITE.

A communication was received from the First Ward Savings Bank, offering $125 a front foot for the Third avenue School-site, corner of Twelfth street. It was referred to the Committee on Buildings and Grounds.

DILAPIDATED ROOFS.

Inspector Moore called attention to the history of the roofing of the Douglas and Lincoln Schools, which were not put up as per the specifications.

Chairman of the Committee on Buildings and Grounds, he presented the following report:

GENTLEMEN: Your Committee on Buildings and Grounds would report that the new building erected by the Board, after repeated attempts to repair the old one, is now in such a condition as to render it impossible to put them in a condition to protect the buildings. During the storm on Saturday last the roofs of every one of the buildings were, in a manner, flooded, and unless new roofs are put on immediately, the plastering of all the buildings will be ruined. Your committee would therefore ask for authority to have new roofs put on the buildings immediately.

Inspector who is responsible for them!

Inspector Stone said that probably half the water on the upper floor of the Douglas School came in through the slate. The material had probably cracked in places. The roof was very flat, and this probably had something to do with the case.

Inspector Moore was not willing to give the Pioneer authority to put new roofs on the buildings. Good and sufficient reasons had been given that the roofs were good, and the Pioneer Roofing Company were responsible.

Inspector Moore said that he had received a letter from S. C. Russell (the good and sufficient reasons stating that he had no more authority to utter than as a stockholder.

Inspector Moore said that there must have been a large amount of snow, and hail must have fallen there had been a bond. Either Mr. Russell was responsible or the Board of Public Works.

Inspector Moore said Mr. Russell treated his bond lightly. The guarantee had not been satisfactorily signed, and was valueless. Something must be immediately done for the buildings.

Inspector Moore moved to refer the matter to the Committee on Buildings and Grounds, with power to act, but withdrew it upon Inspector Stone offering the following, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Board of Education do hereby refer to the Pioneer Roofing Company that portion of the work done on the Lincoln and Douglas buildings which is guaranteed by said Company to remain in good condition for five years, are engaged in trust and to require the same to be put in good condition with new roofs; and that, if said Company do not commence operations for the purpose within a reasonable dispatch, proceed to replace said roofs at the expense of said Company, and hold said Company responsible for all said expense; and,

Resolved, That the Committee on Buildings and Grounds be, and is hereby, authorized to carry out the provisions of the foregoing resolution.

SALE OF THE SCAMMON SCHOOL SITE.

Inspector Moore said that the Board owned, Madison street, 300 feet of the best business property on the West Side, where the Scammon School now stands, worth about $1,000 a foot. He would suggest that the Council be requested to remove the site of that property. He offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Common Council be requested to remove the site of the property now known as the Scammon School property, on Madison street, between Union and Halsted streets now used as the Scammon School, and to be appropriated to and for the use of such other grounds on which to erect a school building for the Scammon School District.

Inspector Richberg said he believed that it would be advisable to hold on to it a little while at least for one year, as property was increasing in value on Madison street.

Inspector Tully moved the reference to the Committee on Buildings and Grounds. Disposed of.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR NORTH SIDERS.

Inspector Hambleton moved that the Committee on Buildings and Grounds be instructed to make some arrangement for taking the Moody and Sankey School for the Eighteenth and Nineteenth wards.

Inspector Schaffner said the building was to be finished for school purposes.

Inspector Hambleton moved that the committee be authorized to procure suitable accommodations for that district.

Inspector Tully seconded, and Inspector Hambleton's motion was added to the Committee.

THE ESTIMATES FOR THE ENSUING YEAR.

Mr. Moore, of the Committee on Finance and Auditing, presented a report containing the estimates of expenditures for the ensuing year, nearly $1,000,000 in all.

Inspector Moore moved to amend the report by the appropriation of $1,200 to pay for the services of the Douglas and Lincoln Schools.

The motion prevailed, and the report was adopted.

REVISION OF THE GRADED COURSE.

The Committee on Text Books and Course of Instruction presented a long report recommending complete revision of the course, and the adoption of certain books for those now in the High School only, these in use in the Normal School to be left undisturbed. The report was prepared by the Superintendent of Schools, and the various Principals, who had been called upon for information.

Inspector Richberg moved its publication.

Inspectors Moseryo and Goggin wished the report divided and the portion relating to the mode of instruction be adopted at once.

Mr. Pickard said it would do a fortnight hence.

The report was laid over for two weeks.

Inspector Moseryo moved the substitution of the immediate Reader of the Analytical series for the present.

The report, however, was laid over.

The number of books were presented to be acted upon in a month hence.

ADMITTED TO THE HIGH SCHOOL.

Inspector Hodgin, Miss Anna F. Fiedemann was reported to the High School.

DONATIONS CONTRIBUTIONS IN THE SCHOOLS.

Inspector Richberg offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Secretary of this Board call the attention of the Principals of all schools and teachers of the grades of said Schools in reference to the contributions for presents or for the purchase of articles for the school rooms by the pupils thereof.

Inspector Stone inquired whether there had been a flagrant violation of the rule to justify the passage of such a resolution.

Inspector Richberg said the rule was one of the best made by the Board.

Inspector Moseryo said he did not know whether there was such a rule, but he had gone into school rooms which penny contributions had been gathered with pictures all round. It was all an excellent thing, and believed that parents receiving presents from children made by their hands a contribution, rather than a donation, subscription or relief of parents to give them money, and were taunted for it by their schools.

Inspector Richberg said his object in offering the resolution was to check the practice, and enforce the rule, if possible, which he had before him an instance of a collection having been taken up.

The resolution was lost---yeas, 4; nays, 10---as follows:

YEAS---Messrs. Tully, Bisbiery, Wuensche, Schaffner---4.

NAYS---Messrs. Gossel, Gleffen, Briggs, Moore, Ross, Hambleton, and the President---10.

Inspector Pickard said he had encouraged children to bring in pictures of home, to put up in the schools, and had never directed parents to refuse to accept contributions for the same of pictures. Contribution for the benefit of teacher he always discountenanced.

ATTENDANCE.

Superintendent Pickard presented the following monthly summary:

Schools.	Total on number daily on school.	Average Average Percent.	
	Present.	Absent.	Present.
Normal	445	382.4	402.2	90.4
High	1,000	1,000.0	1,000.0	100.0
Division	2,603	2,378.1	2,296.4	92.2
Division	17,403	16,064.1	14,726.7	91.7

Haven School was not reported, but in as per last month's report. All the schools were terribly crowded, and some have been recently put under the Shelter Guns. Superintendent Pickard announced that the location of schools would take place on Friday next. What could not be examined he would know.

Board adjourned.

REAL ESTATE.

Deeds Filed for Record, Tuesday, April 2.

CITY PROPERTY.

Mason st, bet Larrabee and Wesson sts, n f, 24 ft w of Wesley, dated April 1; consideration, $1,000

Mason st, bet Larrabee and Wesson sts, n f, 24 ft w of Wesley, dated March 12; consideration, $1,000

Lot 10 in Block 5 of Blocks 31 and 32, in Sec 33, dated April 1; consideration, $600.

Mason st, near Thirty-seventh st, w f, 24 ft to Canal, Matrons, dated March 30; consideration, $600.

Lot 10, in Block 56, Elston's Addition, dated February 26; consideration, $6,000.

Lot 24, bet Diversion and Wood sts, n f, 24 ft w of Ashland av, dated March 30; consideration, $500.

Lots 10 Brooks & Kilbreth's Block 28 of W ½ of N W ¼, dated February 26; consideration, $2,000.

Mason av, south of Twenty-ninth st, w f, 24x125 ft, with buildings, dated March 31; consideration, $2,600.

Lot 27, between North Market and Franklin sts, n f, 21x100 ft, dated April 1; consideration, $1,000.

Lot 40, in Block 12, Walsh & McMullen's addition to Sec 20, 39, 14, dated April 2; consideration, $600.

Mason st, between Sixteenth and Evans sts, w f, 25 feet to alley, dated February 13; consideration, $1,000.

Lots 10, 11, and 12, in Block 71, Elston's Addition to Hawthorne av, bet Division and Rees sts, dated April 1; consideration, $700.

Mason st, s w cor of Jackson st, e f, 198 ft, for to the river, dated April 1; consideration, $10,000. (The parties are Marcel Talcott and Bingen to Eliza S Wadsworth.)

Lot 10, and 11, in Block 71, Elston's Addition to Hawthorne av, bet Division and Rees sts, dated Feb. 19; consideration, $700.

Lots 18, in Block 62, Sec 19, 39, 14, dated March 30; consideration, $700.

Mason st, bet Lake and Fanllina sts, s f, 48 ft w of Ashland av, dated March 26; consideration, $450.

Lot 2, in Block 1, Wabash and Michigan ave, n f, 24 ft, dated June 16, 1869; consideration, $50,000.

Lots 4, in Block 3, of Blocks 31 and 32, in Sec 33, dated April 1; consideration, $1,000.

Mason st, s f, 24 ft of North Dearborn st, n f, 99 ft to Lot 1, dated Feb 19; consideration, $3,000.

Lot 1, in Grant's Addition, in Sec 39, dated March 1; consideration, $17,000.

Lots 1 in Block 4, David B Lee's Addition, dated March 30; consideration, $1,000.

Twenty-third st, 67½ ft w of Prairie av, s f, 99½ x 125 ft, dated March 29; consideration, $20,000.

Michigan av, 200 ft of Twentieth st, w f, 80x 160 ft, dated April 2; consideration, $30,000.

Ashland av, 56 ft s of Monroe st, w f, 20x150 ft, with building, No. 100, dated May 31, 1871; consideration, $20,000.

Lot 7, of Lots 32 to 34, in North Addition, dated April 2; consideration, $1,150.

Emerald street, 94 ft s of Thirty-seventh st, w f, 24 ft to alley, dated March 15; consideration, $950.

Emerald st, 118 ft s of Thirty-seventh st, w f, 24 ft to alley, dated March 13; consideration, $950.

South ½ (except n 42 3-4 ft) of Block 37, Kinzie's Addition, dated March 15; consideration, $6,000.

Wabash av, bet Thirtieth and Thirty-first sts, s f, 24 ft to alley, dated March 29; consideration, $3,000.

Ashland av, near Blanche st, w f, 25 ft to alley, dated April 1; consideration, $1,800.

Indiana av, bet Thirty-first and Thirty-second sts, w f, 80x160 ft, dated March 26; consideration, $6,000.

Robey st, s w corner of Langdon st, 10 acres, also Ladin st, s w corner of Harbine st, entire block 1, Kenzey's w 120 ft on Ashland av), dated Jan. 27; consideration, $160,000. The parties are Ede in O. Larned to Samuel J. Walker.

Emerald st, bet Ladlin and Loomis sts, n f, 48 ft to alley, dated March 28; consideration, $1,600.

Lot 16, in Block 5, in Ward's Block 12, Sheffield's Addition, dated March 19; consideration, $600.

Lot 19, in Block 7, Walsh & McMullen's s e ¼ Sec 20, 39, 14, dated March 26; consideration, $600.

Henry st, bet Ladlin and Loomis sts, n f, 24 ft to alley, dated March 26; consideration, $900.

Lot 17, in Block 7, Walsh & McMullen's s e ¼ Sec 20, 39, 14, dated March 16; consideration, $800.

Union st, near Evans st, e f, 25 ft to alley, with buildings, dated April 2; consideration, $1,800.

Morgan st, between Evans and Lake sts, e f, 24 ft to alley, dated Jan. 2; consideration, $800.

Lot 68, in Young & Rowley's e ½ Block 81, w of rail road, in Sec 35, 39, 14, dated April 2; consideration, $1,000.

West Washington st, bet Robey and Lincoln sts, n f, 20 ft to alley, with building, dated Oct. 3, 1871; consideration, $4,600.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

Lots 43 and 44, in Pick's e ¼ Block 18, in Sec 29, 40, 14, dated March 28; consideration, $1,600.

Lot 28, in Pick's e ¼ Block 18, in Sec 29, 40, 14, dated March 8; consideration, $350.

Montrose st, 200 ft e of Dummy Road, 100x183 ft, dated March 27; consideration, $2,500.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

Readst, between Sixteenth and Sixty-first sts, w f, 33x149 ft, dated April 1; consideration, $600.

Lot 19, in Block 2, of n 74 rods of n e ¼ Section 4, 38, 14, dated April 2; consideration, $500.

Burnside st, s of Thirty-ninth st, 24 ft to alley, dated April 2; consideration, $625.

Lot 1, of Lots 27 and 28, in Dobbins' n e ¼ Section 2, 39, 14, dated March 1; consideration, $1,800.

Lots 7 and 8, in Block 2, in Mark's Lots 15 and 16, in Section 16, 38, 14, dated Feb. 23; consideration, $2,000.

Egan av, near Cottage Grove av, n f, 26x37½ ft, dated Feb. 19; consideration $3,000.

EPISCOPAL PARISH MEETINGS.

Annual Election of Wardens and Vestrymen in the Several Protestant Episcopal Churches.

GRACE CHURCH.

At the annual Parish Meeting of Grace Church, the following officers were elected:

Senior Warden---Hibbard Porter.
Junior Warden---W. G. Hibbard.
Vestrymen---Dr. Moses Gunn, Tracey A Lay, Samuel Powell, John B. Mayor, Henry G. Ranney, Henry Keep, Martin Andrews, and John L. Peck.
Treasurer pro tempore---Hon. L. B. Otis, R. C. Ranney, Wm. S. Barney.
Vestry Clerk---W. S. Keith.

CALVARY CHURCH.

Calvary Church Parish elected the following officers on Monday evening:

Senior Warden---Henry Fitcher.
Junior Warden---Ed. Simmons.
Vestrymen---Messrs Munn, Strifiron, Roberts, Bragg, Smith, Fitz, Stevens, Washburn.

ST. MARK'S (EVANSTON) CHURCH.

This Parish, on Monday, chose the following officers for the ensuing year:

Senior Warden---W. H. Comstock.
Junior Warden---T. F. Phillips.
Vestrymen---J. H. McBride, Geo. P. Lee, O. R. Sampson, C. Paul, J. M. Lyons, Wells Lake, H. S. Blanchard.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION.

The annual meeting of the Parish, held on Monday evening, elected the following officers:

Senior Warden---A. C. Calkins.
Junior Warden---E. T. Gaudy.
Vestrymen---Messrs. Hutchinson, Otis, Kirkland, Lull, Bowman, Sibley, Neely, Peterson.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.

At the annual meeting of the Parish of the Church of the Ascension, held on the grounds of the church on Monday evening, the following gentlemen were elected Wardens and Vestrymen for the ensuing year:

Senior Warden---E. B. Peabody.
Junior Warden---J. B. Wall.
Vestrymen---S. L. Warner, C. D. Dana, Josiah Edson, Wm. Ritchie, A. H. Ewing, F. H. Comdell, F. D. Cortel, Mr. Stellwood.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH.

The Parish of St. Mark's elected the following officers on Monday evening:

Senior Warden---M. W. Fuller.
Junior Warden---F. D. Dickinson.
Vestrymen---C. V. Hotchkiss, J. Barnick, J. H. Rea, Mr. Matthews, James Murray, Mr. Hopkins, George Pratt, Joseph S. Smith.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The annual election on Monday evening resulted in the choice of the following officers:

Senior Warden---Job Carpenter.
Junior Warden---C. H. Jordan.
Vestrymen---David H. Lwant, C. M. Fitch, Shepard Johnston, John H. Williams, G. S. Hubbard, Jr., Joseph A. Sleeper, Isaac H. Holden, Jr., and Richard Wolfe.

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY.

At the annual Parish Meeting of the Church of the Epiphany, held on Monday evening, the following gentlemen were elected:

Senior Warden---D. W. Fage.
Junior Warden---George Gardner.
Vestrymen---R. W. Rathbone, A. M. Wright, C. E. Page, W. W. Noyes, C. J. Magill, Wm. Baker, E. S. Boynton, C. B. Cobb.

CHURCH OF THE ATONEMENT.

The following officers were elected at the Parish Meeting on Monday evening:

Senior Warden---Reuben Taylor.
Junior Warden---R. S. Worthington.
Vestrymen---James C. White, Charles Morris, William Ulcher, William Morley, James P. Giles.

THE GRAND CHARITY.

Statement of the Total Number and Quantity of the Various Supplies Issued by the Relief and Aid Society to April 1, inst.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Chicago Relief and Aid Society, held last evening at Standard Hall, the Superintendent, Mr. O. C. Gibbs, presented the following statement of the total number and quantity of the various articles and supplies issued by the Society since it assumed charge of relief matters, up to April 1:

Rent (cases)	$21,141
Coal, tons	36,477
Wood, cords	7,717
Flour, pounds	1,717,123
Meal, pounds	67,840
Pork, pounds	96,443
Beef, pounds	450,597
Bacon, pounds	61,264
Crackers, pounds	180,097
Hams, pounds	4,000
Ham pieces, pounds	193,170
Sugar, pounds	63,997
Tea, pounds	2,000
Coffee, pounds	25,096
Sugar, pounds	83,919
Hams, pounds	1,000
Butter, pounds	937
Dried fruit, pounds	18,000
Lentils, pounds	10,116
Split peas, pounds	5,512
Rice, pounds	44,207
Beans, bushels	1,000
Hominy, pounds	10,116
Meal, pounds	45,313
Beans, lbs	7,885
Shingles, No	1,000
Vinegar, gallons	807
Syrup, gallons	1,000
Flannel, yards	24,264
Pillows, No	1,000
Flannel and white blankets, No	56,702
Comforts, No	9,586
Quilts, No	5,001
Stoves, No	12,071
Stove pipe, No	16,816
Tables, No	8,081
Bedsteads, No	19,392
Chairs, No	39,264
Pieces crockery, No	63,001
Knives, No	8,206
Pails, No	3,798
Wash boards, No	90
Men's, boys' and Misses' shoes, pairs	60,728
Men's boots, pairs	10,919
Hose, women's and children's, pairs	34,624
Men's clothing, articles	29,064
Children's clothing, articles	79,946
Hats, bonnets, caps	24,440
Cotton flannel, yards	74,891
Prints, yards	185,416
Sheeting, yards	56,998
Jeans and dress goods, yards	82,741
Muslin, yards	37,141
Toweling, yards	4,798

The above does not include the distribution of supplies by the Bureau of Special Relief, which, from Nov. 4 to Dec 12 issued goods to the value of about $6,000. The list includes the stores and furniture issued by the Shelter Guns (which does not include the lumber, nails, glass, etc., used in the erection of barracks and houses by that Committee.

Stine's Improved Window Frame.

What has long been a want in the line of window frames is: A window that will not rattle when the wind blows; a window that can be easily taken out to be cleaned; a window, both sashes of which can be raised or lowered and remain where you put them without annoying catches, and without the liability of falling and breaking glass or bruising fingers; a window that is less expensive than a "pulley window," with very little liability of getting out of order; one less liable to be put them in a condition to protect the buildings. During the storm on Saturday last the roofs of every one of the buildings were, in a manner, flooded, and unless new roofs are put on immediately, the plastering of all the buildings will be ruined. Your committee would therefore ask for authority to have new roofs put on the buildings immediately.

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Inspector Stone inquired whether there had been a flagrant violation of the rule to justify the passage of such a resolution.

Inspector Richberg said the rule was one of the best made by the Board.

Inspector Moseryo said he did not know whether there was such a rule, but he had gone into school rooms which penny contributions had been gathered with pictures all round. It was all an excellent thing, and believed that parents receiving presents from children made by their hands a contribution, rather than a donation, subscription or relief of parents to give them money, and were taunted for it by their schools.

Inspector Richberg said his object in offering the resolution was to check the practice, and enforce the rule, if possible, which he had before him an instance of a collection having been taken up.

The resolution was lost---yeas, 4; nays, 10---as follows:

YEAS---Messrs. Tully, Bisbiery, Wuensche, Schaffner---4.

NAYS---Messrs. Gossel, Gleffen, Briggs, Moore, Ross, Hambleton, and the President---10.

Inspector Pickard said he had encouraged children to bring in pictures of home, to put up in the schools, and had never directed parents to refuse to accept contributions for the same of pictures. Contribution for the benefit of teacher he always discountenanced.

ATTENDANCE.

Superintendent Pickard presented the following monthly summary:

Schools.	Total on number daily on school.	Average Average Percent.	
	Present.	Absent.	Present.
Normal	445	382.4	402.2	90.4
High	1,000	1,000.0	1,000.0	100.0
Division	2,603	2,378.1	2,296.4	92.2
Division	17,403	16,064.1	14,726.7	91.7

Haven School was not reported, but in as per last month's report. All the schools were terribly crowded, some have been recently put under the Shelter Guns. Superintendent Pickard announced that the location of schools would take place on Friday next. What could not be examined he would know.

Board adjourned.

REAL ESTATE.

Deeds Filed for Record, Tuesday, April 2.

CITY PROPERTY.

Mason st, bet Larrabee and Wesson sts, n f, 24 ft w of Wesley, dated April 1; consideration, $1,000

Mason st, bet Larrabee and Wesson sts, n f, 24 ft w of Wesley, dated March 12; consideration, $1,000

Lot 10 in Block 5 of Blocks 31 and 32, in Sec 33, dated April 1; consideration, $600.

Mason st, near Thirty-seventh st, w f, 24 ft to Canal, Matrons, dated March 30; consideration, $600.

Lot 10, in Block 56, Elston's Addition, dated February 26; consideration, $6,000.

Lot 24, bet Diversion and Wood sts, n f, 24 ft w of Ashland av, dated March 30; consideration, $500.

Lots 10 Brooks & Kilbreth's Block 28 of W ½ of N W ¼, dated February 26; consideration, $2,000.

Mason av, south of Twenty-ninth st, w f, 24x125 ft, with buildings, dated March 31; consideration, $2,600.

Lot 27, between North Market and Franklin sts, n f, 21x100 ft, dated April 1; consideration, $1,000.

Lot 40, in Block 12, Walsh & McMullen's addition to Sec 20, 39, 14, dated April 2; consideration, $600.

Mason st, between Sixteenth and Evans sts, w f, 25 feet to alley, dated February 13; consideration, $1,000.

Lots 10, 11, and 12, in Block 71, Elston's Addition to Hawthorne av, bet Division and Rees sts, dated April 1; consideration, $700.

Mason st, s w cor of Jackson st, e f, 198 ft, for to the river, dated April 1; consideration, $10,000. (The parties are Marcel Talcott and Bingen to Eliza S Wadsworth.)

Lot 10, and 11, in Block 71, Elston's Addition to Hawthorne av, bet Division and Rees sts, dated Feb. 19; consideration, $700.

Lots 18, in Block 62, Sec 19, 39, 14, dated March 30; consideration, $700.

Mason st, bet Lake and Fanllina sts, s f, 48 ft w of Ashland av, dated March 26; consideration, $450.

Lot 2, in Block 1, Wabash and Michigan ave, n f, 24 ft, dated June 16, 1869; consideration, $50,000.

Lots 4, in Block 3, of Blocks 31 and 32, in Sec 33, dated April 1; consideration, $1,000.

Mason st, s f, 24 ft of North Dearborn st, n f, 99 ft to Lot 1, dated Feb 19; consideration, $3,000.

Lot 1, in Grant's Addition, in Sec 39, dated March 1; consideration, $17,000.

Lots 1 in Block 4, David B Lee's Addition, dated March 30; consideration, $1,000.

Twenty-third st, 67½ ft w of Prairie av, s f, 99½ x 125 ft, dated March 29; consideration, $20,000.

Michigan av, 200 ft of Twentieth st, w f, 80x 160 ft, dated April 2; consideration, $30,000.

Ashland av, 56 ft s of Monroe st, w f, 20x150 ft, with building, No. 100, dated May 31, 1871; consideration, $20,000.

Lot 7, of Lots 32 to 34, in North Addition, dated April 2; consideration, $1,150.

Emerald street, 94 ft s of Thirty-seventh st, w f, 24 ft to alley, dated March 15; consideration, $950.

Emerald st, 118 ft s of Thirty-seventh st, w f, 24 ft to alley, dated March 13; consideration, $950.

South ½ (except n 42 3-4 ft) of Block 37, Kinzie's Addition, dated March 15; consideration, $6,000.

Wabash av, bet Thirtieth and Thirty-first sts, s f, 24 ft to alley, dated March 29; consideration, $3,000.

Ashland av, near Blanche st, w f, 25 ft to alley, dated April 1; consideration, $1,800.

Indiana av, bet Thirty-first and Thirty-second sts, w f, 80x160 ft, dated March 26; consideration, $6,000.

Robey st, s w corner of Langdon st, 10 acres, also Ladin st, s w corner of Harbine st, entire block 1, Kenzey's w 120 ft on Ashland av), dated Jan. 27; consideration, $160,000. The parties are Ede in O. Larned to Samuel J. Walker.

Emerald st, bet Ladlin and Loomis sts, n f, 48 ft to alley, dated March 26; consideration, $900.

Lot 17, in Block 7, Walsh & McMullen's s e ¼ Sec 20, 39, 14, dated March 16; consideration, $800.

Union st, near Evans st, e f, 25 ft to alley, with buildings, dated April 2; consideration, $1,800.

Morgan st, between Evans and Lake sts, e f, 24 ft to alley, dated Jan. 2; consideration, $800.

Lot 68, in Young & Rowley's e ½ Block 81, w of rail road, in Sec 35, 39, 14, dated April 2; consideration, $1,000.

West Washington st, bet Robey and Lincoln sts, n f, 20 ft to alley, with building, dated Oct. 3, 1871; consideration, $4,600.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

Lots 43 and 44, in Pick's e ¼ Block 18, in Sec 29, 40, 14, dated March 28; consideration, $1,600.

Lot 28, in Pick's e ¼ Block 18, in Sec 29, 40, 14, dated March 8; consideration, $350.

Montrose st, 200 ft e of Dummy Road, 100x183 ft, dated March 27; consideration, $2,500.

SOUTH OF CITY LIMITS.

Readst, between Sixteenth and Sixty-first sts, w f, 33x149 ft, dated April 1; consideration, $600.

Lot 19, in Block 2, of n 74 rods of n e ¼ Section 4, 38, 14, dated April 2; consideration, $500.

Burnside st, s of Thirty-ninth st, 24 ft to alley, dated April 2; consideration, $625.

Lot 1, of Lots 27 and 28, in Dobbins' n e ¼ Section 2, 39, 14, dated March 1; consideration, $1,800.

Lots 7 and 8, in Block 2, in Mark's Lots 15 and 16, in Section 16, 38, 14, dated Feb. 23; consideration, $2,000.

Egan av, near Cottage Grove av, n f, 26x37½ ft, dated Feb. 19; consideration $3,000.

EPISCOPAL PARISH MEETINGS.

Annual Election of Wardens and Vestrymen in the Several Protestant Episcopal Churches.

GRACE CHURCH.

At the annual Parish Meeting of Grace Church, the following officers were elected:

Senior Warden---Hibbard Porter.
Junior Warden---W. G. Hibbard.
Vestrymen---Dr. Moses Gunn, Tracey A Lay, Samuel Powell, John B. Mayor, Henry G. Ranney, Henry Keep, Martin Andrews, and John L. Peck.
Treasurer pro tempore---Hon. L. B. Otis, R. C. Ranney, Wm. S. Barney.
Vestry Clerk---W. S. Keith.

CALVARY CHURCH.

Calvary Church Parish elected the following officers on Monday evening:

Senior Warden---Henry Fitcher.
Junior Warden---Ed. Simmons.
Vestrymen---Messrs Munn, Strifiron, Roberts, Bragg, Smith, Fitz, Stevens, Washburn.

ST. MARK'S (EVANSTON) CHURCH.

This Parish, on Monday, chose the following officers for the ensuing year:

Senior Warden---W. H. Comstock.
Junior Warden---T. F. Phillips.
Vestrymen---J. H. McBride, Geo. P. Lee, O. R. Sampson, C. Paul, J. M. Lyons, Wells Lake, H. S. Blanchard.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION.

The annual meeting of the Parish, held on Monday evening, elected the following officers:

Senior Warden---A. C. Calkins.
Junior Warden---E. T. Gaudy.
Vestrymen---Messrs. Hutchinson, Otis, Kirkland, Lull, Bowman, Sibley, Neely, Peterson.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.

At the annual meeting of the Parish of the Church of the Ascension, held on the grounds of the church on Monday evening, the following gentlemen were elected Wardens and Vestrymen for the ensuing year:

Senior Warden---E. B. Peabody.
Junior Warden---J. B. Wall.
Vestrymen---S. L. Warner, C. D. Dana, Josiah Edson, Wm. Ritchie, A. H. Ewing, F. H. Comdell, F. D. Cortel, Mr. Stellwood.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH.

The Parish of St. Mark's elected the following officers on Monday evening:

Senior Warden---M. W. Fuller.
Junior Warden---F. D. Dickinson.
Vestrymen---C. V. Hotchkiss, J. Barnick, J. H. Rea, Mr. Matthews, James Murray, Mr. Hopkins, George Pratt, Joseph S. Smith.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.

The annual election on Monday evening resulted in the choice of the following officers:

Senior Warden---Job Carpenter.
Junior Warden---C. H. Jordan.
Vestrymen---David H. Lwant, C. M. Fitch, Shepard Johnston, John H. Williams, G. S. Hubbard, Jr., Joseph A. Sleeper, Isaac H. Holden, Jr., and Richard Wolfe.

CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY.

At the annual Parish Meeting of the Church of the Epiphany, held on Monday evening, the following gentlemen were elected:

Senior Warden---D. W. Fage.
Junior Warden---George Gardner.
Vestrymen---R. W. Rathbone, A. M. Wright, C. E. Page, W. W. Noyes, C. J. Magill, Wm. Baker, E. S. Boynton, C. B. Cobb.

CHURCH OF THE ATONEMENT.

The following officers were elected at the Parish Meeting on Monday evening:

Senior Warden---Reuben Taylor.
Junior Warden---R. S. Worthington.
Vestrymen---James C. White, Charles Morris, William Ulcher, William Morley, James P. Giles.

THE GREAT CHARITY.

Statement of the Total Number and Quantity of the Various Supplies Issued by the Relief and Aid Society to April 1, inst.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Chicago Relief and Aid Society, held last evening at Standard Hall, the Superintendent, Mr. O. C. Gibbs, presented the following statement of the total number and quantity of the various articles and supplies issued by the Society since it assumed charge of relief matters, up to April 1:

Rent (cases)	$21,141
Coal, tons	36,477
Wood, cords	7,717
Flour, pounds	1,717,123
Meal, pounds	67,840
Pork, pounds	96,443
Beef, pounds	450,597
Bacon, pounds	61,264
Crackers, pounds	180,097
Hams, pounds	4,000
Ham pieces, pounds	193,170
Sugar, pounds	63,997
Tea, pounds	2,000
Coffee, pounds	25,096
Sugar, pounds	83,919
Hams, pounds	1,000
Butter, pounds	937
Dried fruit, pounds	18,000
Lentils, pounds	10,116
Split peas, pounds	5,512
Rice, pounds	44,207
Beans, bushels	1,000
Hominy, pounds	10,116
Meal, pounds	45,313
Beans, lbs	7,885
Shingles, No	1,000
Vinegar, gallons	807
Syrup, gallons	1,000
Flannel, yards	24,264
Pillows, No	1,000
Flannel and white blankets, No	56,702
Comforts, No	9,586
Quilts, No	5,001
Stoves, No	12,071
Stove pipe, No	16,816
Tables, No	8,081
Bedsteads, No	19,392
Chairs, No	39,264
Pieces crockery, No	63,001
Knives, No	8,206
Pails, No	3,798
Wash boards, No	90
Men's, boys' and Misses' shoes, pairs

RIVAL FURIES.

Two Women, on Canal Street Quarrel About a Nasty Man.

How a Blue Neck-Tie Led to Bloodshed---A Sanguinary Affray.

A couple of disreputable females raised a tremendous commotion at 10 o'clock last evening, on the corner of Randolph and Canal streets. The names of the chief actors are Susan Miller and Mary Reilly, who quarreled relative to the ambiguous affections of a young man to whom they give the name of Charles Pfeifer. This person and the woman Reilly are reputed man and wife, although their neighbors and the police have doubts upon the subject. At all events they have been together for quite a time, and seemed to be attached to each other, if not by the ties of love, at least by those of self-interest. Lately the girl Miller, it is alleged, found favor in the eyes of the volatile Charles and weaned his inclinations from the riper charms of the fair and rather frail Mollie Reilly. The latter has been "gathering her brows like gathering storm" for some nights and has vowed deep revenge over cups of copious sugar-tity. Last night the tempest burst. She encountered her rival at the point first indicated and, like the red rag to a Spanish bull, there gleamed before her eyes and in the false bosom of the woman Miller the [illegible] which she (Mis- Reilly) had, only a day or two before, presented to her favored Charles. Then, flashing with fell fury, she drew blazed forth. A pen-knife, all blades open, gleamed in her hand. She rushed upon Susan Miller, even as the ardent Red Man of the Plains rushes upon a "pale face," and attempted to scalp her. She dug the knife four times into the unfortunate girl's head, giving utterance to frantic yells that would have graced the howlings of an enraged tigress. Susan Miller fought desperately, but the cruel knife cut her hands, tore her breast, and gashed her neck. Blood flowed from almost every pore, and the murderous knife was gleaming at the victim's throat when some of the bystanders mustered sufficient courage to interfere. With great difficulty the sanguinary Mollie Reilly was torn away from her prey, and she scattered blasphemies on all who barred the road to vengeance. Finally the police came rushing down, and, with that Spartan impartiality for which the force has become celebrated, arrested the two women, and everybody else who looked excited. The scared people were arrested as witnesses, for, be it known, it is almost as bad to witness a fight as to be engaged therein. This is why so few people like to interfere when men and women are being pounded into pulp. And this is why two in the coil of a Police Station generally rewards the good Samaritan; and that, too, when the chief villains often contrive to escape. Our reporter has often asked [illegible] what they were caged for. The general answer was: "We were by when the row was a-going on, and we're going to stay here until we're bailed out, same as if we murdered a body." Dr. Danne sewed up Susan Miller's dozen wounds, and ventures to predict that she will recover. The woman Reilly, now that her rage is somewhat expended, says what will be done with her. Justice doubtfully will furnish the desired information this morning.

War Department Weather Prognostics.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—1 a. m.—Clear and partially cloudy weather, and northwesterly winds will prevail on Wednesday over New England and the Middle States. Easterly and southerly winds with increasing cloudiness are probable for the South Atlantic States. The area of rain over and west of the Mississippi Valley will probably extend eastward to Lake Erie and over the Ohio Valley, and possibly to the South Atlantic coast on Wednesday. Dangerous winds not anticipated.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Rough skin made smooth by using Juniper Tar Soap, manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York.

Royal Havana Lottery. Extraordinary drawing of April 4, 1872. Tickets sold by J. S. MARTINEZ & CO., Agents, No. 10 Wall-st., Box No. 4,685, Post Office, New York.

Mothers, Mothers, Mothers!—Don't fail to procure Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for all diseases incident to the period of teething in children.

Miles, Nilsson and Patti, the eminent primas donnas bear evidence to the superiority of Barnett's Standard Preparations for the toilet. So do thousands of equal taste and refinement.

A New Beautifying Agent.—All Dentifrices had it dry drawbacks, until the salubrious bark of the Soap Tree was brought from Chili. Combined in the perfect the fragrant Sozodont, the most delightful article for the teeth that a human wants or ever will want.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Depression of spirits and General Debility, the Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark (Calisaya Bark and Iron), is the best tonic, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by druggists.

Mothers, "individually and collectively, without a single exception," pronounce Dr. Winslow's Cough Balsam "the most pleasant and efficacious remedy for the use of Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, etc., ever known to children, that has ever been given to the public. They say it always acts like a charm. Children really like it. Price 25, 50, and 75 cents.

A Sad Failing Out.—It is indeed a sad failing out, we say, of the closest friends, when the hair parts company with the head. Fortunately the lamentable separation may be easily prevented and the twain more closely united even than before by the [illegible] which she (Mis- Reilly) had, only a day or two before, presented to her favored Charles. Then, flashing with fell fury, she drew blazed forth. A pen-knife, all blades open, gleamed in her hand. she rushed upon Susan Miller, even as the ardent Red Man of the Plains rushes upon a "pale face," and attempted to scalp her. She dug the knife four times into the unfortunate girl's head, giving utterance to frantic yells that would have graced the howlings of an enraged tigress. Susan Miller fought desperately, but the cruel knife cut her hands, tore her breast, and gashed her neck. Blood flowed from almost every pore, and the murderous knife was gleaming at the victim's throat when some of the bystanders mustered sufficient courage to interfere. With great difficulty the sanguinary Mollie Reilly was torn away from her prey, and she scattered blasphemies on all who barred the road to vengeance. Finally the police came rushing down, and, with that Spartan impartiality for which the force has become celebrated, arrested the two women, and everybody else who looked excited. The scared people were arrested as witnesses, for, be it known, it is almost as bad to witness a fight as to be engaged therein. This is why so few people like to interfere when men and women are being pounded into pulp. And this is why two in the coil of a Police Station generally rewards the good Samaritan; and that, too, when the chief villains often contrive to escape. Our reporter has often asked [illegible] what they were caged for. The general answer was: "We were by when the row was a-going on, and we're going to stay here until we're bailed out, same as if we murdered a body." Dr. Danne sewed up Susan Miller's dozen wounds, and ventures to predict that she will recover. The woman Reilly, now that her rage is somewhat expended, says what will be done with her. Justice doubtfully will furnish the desired information this morning.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

14 NORTH GREEN-ST., W. FEW YOUNG men can be accommodated with pleasant room, good board, and privileges of home at reasonable rates.

21 SOUTH CANAL-ST—ONE BLOCK FROM the river. First-class board $4.50. Lodging 25c for night; per week Commutation checks. WEST BROOK'S.

25 SIXTEENTH-ST.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD, on reasonable terms.

38 AND 40 WEST MADISON-ST., BETWEEN Claton and Canal. Accommodation for a few boarders, good table, terms $6.50 per week; also day boarders at the $4 per week.

56 LANGLEY-ST., NEAR CORNER THIRTY eighth-st.—A suite of pleasant rooms to rent with board.

100 SOUTH WOOD-ST.—ROOMS EN SUITE and single to rent, with board. House has modern conveniences. Terms moderate.

216 WASHINGTON-ST.—A FURNISHED room for gentleman and wife. Home desirable.

244 SOUTH GREEN-ST.—NICELY FURNISHED room and board, for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen, at $16 a week; modern conveniences.

264 MICHIGAN-AV.—A SECOND STORY back room, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for gentleman lady or two single gentlemen with board. For one week, $25.

285 MICHIGAN-AV.—A PLEASANT FRONT room, with board for two, on reasonable terms; also a barn to rent.

329 WEST VAN BUREN-ST.—NICELY FURnished front rooms with first-class board to a gentleman and wife.

584 WABASH-AV.—FURNISHED ROOM FOR rent suitable for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen, with first-class board.

609 WABASH-AV.—FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board; very desirable location.

845 PRAIRIE-AV., NEAR SIXTEENTH-ST.—A fine suite of unfurnished rooms, with board; the finest location in the city, with excellent accommodations.

1006 INDIANA-AV.—A LARGE FRONT room, with board; closets, bath &c., suitable for a family, in a private family.

MADISON HOUSE, 124 AND 126 WEST MADISON-st.; $2 per day; day-board $5 per week.

TO A PARTY ADVANCING $100 ON RENT OF pleasant room, with first-class board, I will make a liberal discount; locality convenient to business. Address D 49, Tribune office.

MACHINERY.

A 30-H. ENGINE, PORTABLE 8 TO 40-HORSE power; threshing, 8 and 10-horse; circular sawmills, Pearson's grinding mills, corn shellers, belting, etc. COLLINS EATON, 76 South Canal-st. W. WORTH Rep. agt.

BLANCHARD STATIONARY AND PORTABLE REpair engine sawmills and flour mills. Evarts shingle machines and saws. 56 South Canal-st. W. WORTH Rep. agt.

C. & G. COPER & CO. OFFICE 16 AND 18 Randolph-st., Manufacture Stationary and Portable Engines, Saw Mills, Shingle Mills and Flouring Mill Machinery. Send for illustrated circular.

FOR SALE—ALL SIZES OF PORTABLE AND stationary engines and boilers, saw mills, engine lathes, iron planers, drills, &c., combined planers and matchers, planers, matchers and moulders, Blake's steam pumps, shaper, shingle, and heading machinery, leather belting, rubber belting, power saws, files, railway mill, and machinists' supplies. The largest assortment of wood and iron working machinery kept in the West. Send for illustrated circular. ROCHESTER MACHINERY MANUFACTURING CO., 87 and 89 South Canal-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS WOOD PLANING machine, 6 inches wide, and matcher, nearly new and in perfect order for work; manufactured by J. A. Lester & Co., of New York, at 75 and 77 Michigan-st.

FOR SALE, A SET OF PAPER COLLAR MAchinery. As a new business it pays large profits. Also a manufactory. D. STONEL, 18 West Adams-st.

DIAMOND SOLID STEEL WHEELS AND EMery Grinding Machinery. The Tantile Co., Struthersburg, Pa.

TO SELL, AT A BARGAIN, VERY CHEAP, one 12x24 engine, with 2-flue boiler 42 inches by 22 feet, with heater, pumps, and governor, and all connections complete. Also, saw mill, with 54-inch saw and 16 feet of carriage, with improved and important ratchet head blocks and pat-nt friction feed. The largest assortment of ironand wood working machinery, Stuttevants' blowers and exhaust fans. Rowley & Sibley's steam pumps, leather and rubber belting. Shingle and lath mill and other machinery and supplies in the country. C. L. RICE & CO., 353, 355, 357, and 359 Canal-st., send for detailed catalogue.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, ON EASY TERMS, furnished or unfurnished, a small brick house and barn in or adjoining good grounds. Address Address with full particulars, HERMAN, Tribune office, or 39 Wabash-av.

WANTED—A SMALL FARM, WORTH ABOUT $1,500, located near Chicago or town in this State; will give in exchange a house and lots located on Prairie-av. J. A. BROWN, Real Estate Agent, 373 Wabash-av.

WANTED—I WANT TO BUY A COTTAGE and lot; cottage of from $1,500 to $2,000; exact amount down and balance in monthly payments. Address D 96, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A 2-STORY HOUSE and lot, 7 to 9 rooms; location south of and Twenty-second-st., east of State-st., or between Lake and Adams-sts., east of Morgan-st. Address P 79, Tribune office.

WANTED—HOUSE OF 5 TO 12 ROOMS, ON West Side; will purchase balance time by month. WM. H. RICE, 324 West Madison-st., Room 9.

WANTED, WE WANT FROM OWNERS, SOME more good modern houses on West Side, to be 1 story high, and from 6 to 8 rooms; state lowest cash price. J. & HUTCHINS, Real Estate Agents, 61 Clark-st.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOT ON BOWEN-AV., AT $1,500, near Forty-second-st.; no money down for five years to party who will build; rare chance. T. C. LAMB, 167 West Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SIX LOTS CORNER POLK-ST. AND Kendall-av., $40 each; cheap. J. H. KEELER, 202 Halsted-st. Over Hatfield's.

FOR SALE—PRAIRIE-AV.—WE HAVE TWO first-class brick houses in the choicest part of this fashionable avenue; one at No. 66, usual terms; the other at $17,000 cash, balance 2, 3, 4, and 5 years, at 7 per cent; the former has 9 first-class barn. ARELL & FOSTER, 167 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—MICHIGAN-AV.—TWO OR FOUR lots, corner of 39th-st.-six-st. at a bargain. ABELL & HUTCHINSON, 167 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—20 NICE BUILDING LOTS ON AGcommodating terms, in the neighborhood of West Indiana and Hoyne sts.; also, lots to lease. Apply to F. N. & L. LYON, Room 2 to 8 o'clock, Imperial Restaurant, 51 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—28 NICE BUILDING LOTS ON ACcommodating terms, in the neighborhood of Paulina, Southwestern Plank road, and Harrison-sts. Apply to F. E. WILSON, from 2 to 3 o'clock, Imperial Restaurant, 51 South Canal-st.

FOR SALE—ON INDIANA-AV., NEAR THIRTY-second-st., 2-story frame house of 12 rooms, cellar, well, cistern, all modern improvements; good furnace and gas fixtures, good frame barn, lot 25x120 ft.; price $9,500; easy terms. HART & BIGGS, 39 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—ON INDIANA-AV., BETWEEN Twenty-first and Twenty-second-sts., 2-story frame house of 10 rooms, cellar, well, cistern, all modern improvements and side hall; furnace and elegant gas fixtures, good barn, lot 25x150 ft.; price $9,500; easy terms. HART & BIGGS, 39 East Harrison-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE HOUSE, 13 ROOMS, PRAIrie-av., near Thirty-first-st., lot 24x117 feet, a bargain; $6,500.

Marshfield-av., Washington-st., near Curtis; will sell now for $12,000.

New house, Paulina-st., near Adams, worth $7,000; price $6,500.

40 feet on Madison-st., near Halsted, marble-front, rented at $600; very cheap at $6,000.

We are building houses at Irving Park, to be finished May 1; price $1,800; $300 cash, balance in four years.

26 acres, subdivided; will sell so that purchaser can make 10 per cent immedia ely. We have some excellent bargains.

MILLER & RIGDON, 218 East Madison-st.

FOR SALE—WHY DO YOU WAIT—COTTAGE of 6 rooms, barn and lot; Davis-st., near Lake $2,000, monthly payments $200 down. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 184 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—BURNT DISTRICT PROPERTY—25 feet on Fifth-av., near Harrison, 40 feet on Fifth-av., near Monroe-st. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 184 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE AT 127 South Hoyne-st.; house two-story and basement. Price, $5,500. Inquire at 778 West Adams-st.

FOR SALE—DON'T SLEEP WITH YOUR EYES open. Two-story 13 rooms, lot 66 feet, Walnut-st. near Paulina, $6,000. Great bargain. R. G. GOODWILLIE, 184 West Madison-st.

FOR SALE—BY HENRY P. GEORGE, REAL Estate Agent, 27 State-st.

48 ft., Belden-av., near Hariet-st.
50 ft., Belden-av., near Hariet-st.
25 ft., Erie-st., near Market; cheap.
25 ft., Tyler-st., near Throop; $80.
25 ft., Division-st., near Hoyne; $40.
140 ft. Michigan-av., corner Thirty second-st.
50 ft., Michigan-av., near Twenty-sixth-st.
75 ft., Wentworth-av., near Twenty-fifth-st.
94 ft., South Park-av., corner Thirty-third-st.
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